2022

City of Lawrence, Kansas

ANNUAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT REPORT

City Economic Development Office

2022 Annual Economic Development Report



Each year, the City of Lawrence reviews and reports information on performance and compliance for active economic development programs, including participation in property tax abatements, Industrial Revenue Bonds (IRB), Neighborhood Revitalization Areas (NRA), Tax Increment Financing districts (TIF), Transportation Development Districts (TDD), and other supported programs. This information is summarized within an annual economic development report, published by the City, as required by City Code.

As economic development programs involve public funding for current and future community assets, projects participating in these programs are viewed as an investment. The City analyzes the risks and returns of potential projects, selecting ones that best balance the City's economic development goals (stated in the comprehensive plan and policy) of growing the local economy with the required amount of investment.

The City supports a variety of economic development projects that utilize one or more economic development programs. The following is a summary of the active projects and support for the year.





Property Tax Abatements (Non-Catalyst)

Overview

Property tax abatements are authorized by the State of Kansas to allow municipalities and other taxing jurisdictions to reduce property taxes for a limited period to spur investment within a community. A property tax abatement on real property applies only to land and buildings and can be authorized for up to 10 years by state statute.

Eligibility and other criteria for seeking a tax abatement through the non-Catalyst process is outlined within the City's economic development policy. Projects granted a non-Catalyst tax abatement are subject to annual reporting and compliance requirements throughout the duration of the incentive period. This information is used by the City to assess the effectiveness of the projects in bringing capital investment, quality jobs and wages, and other benefits to the community.

The City currently has two non-Catalyst Property Tax Abatements: the **Sunlite Science & Technology, Inc.** facility and the **T&M Heartland Community Clinic**. Sunlite, Inc. company met compliance requirements and received 100% of their agreed abatement amount. Heartland Clinic is subject to a Payment-in-Lieu-of-Taxes (PILOT) schedule and has paid accordingly.

	2022 Sunlite Compliance Summary									
Compliance Category	I DESCRIPTION I LARGET I ACTUAL ' I WOLDET I									
Capital Investment	Cumulative Capital Investment (as of Dec 31, 2022)	\$1,130,000	\$1,169,929	103.5%	0.25	25.62%				
Job Creation	Full-Time Employment (FTEs)	41	9.9	23.0%	0.25	5.76%				
Wages	2021 Wage Floor (\$13.73 per hour)	100%	100%	100.0%	0.125	12.50%				
vvagos	Average Company Hourly Wage	\$16.59	\$43.21	260.46%	0.125	32.56%				
Health Benefits	Employer Provided Health Care Coverage (minimum of 70% employer paid premium)	100%	100%	100.0%	0.25	25.00%				



Property Tax Abatements (Catalyst)

Overview

Beginning in Spring of 2017, a real property tax abatement for industrial development projects could be processed through the Catalyst program, a special, temporary incentive program designed to spur economic development activity within the community. Originally authorized in April 2017 for new industrial projects constructed in Lawrence VenturePark or East Hills Business Park, the program was further expanded in June 2017 to include industrial development throughout the City of Lawrence.

The program was set to expire in April 2019. However, due to its success, the City Commission voted to extend the Catalyst program until April 2022, adding a minimum investment level for real property, and including eligibility for expansion projects proposed for VenturePark or on industrial zoned private property throughout the community. At the time of publication, the program has been further extended to April 1, 2025.

Because Catalyst is a special program, the regular provisions and processes associated with the City's economic development policy do not apply. Expedited approval is granted directly through the City Commission for projects that meet the program's eligibility requirements.

Catalyst Assistance Package
10-Year real property tax abatement: 50%; 70% if project built to LEED Silver equivalent
IRB Sales tax exemption on project construction materials
City/County owned business park land provided for projects located in LVP or EHBP.
State provided personal property tax exemption (machinery/equipment)
IRB and property tax abatement application fees and bond origination fees waived by the City.

2022 Catalyst Tax Abatements: Authorized									
Company	Start	Expires	Maximum Investment Amount Subject to Abatement	Abatement %	Ord/Res				
VanTrust (Phase I)	2019	2028	\$10,200,000	70%	Ord. 9573				
Plastikon (Phase I & II Expansion)	2019	2028	\$3,200,000	70%	Ord. 9430				
Grandstand (Phase I Expansion)	2021	2030	\$5,000,000	70%	Ord. 9608				
VanTrust (Phase II (Pretzels Inc.)	2022	2031	\$24,000,000	70%	Res. 7341				
Standard Beverage Expansion	2022	2031	\$13,500,000	70%	Ord. 9829				
US Engineering	TBD	TBD	\$15,000,000	50% or 70%	Res. 7297				



Property Tax Abatements (Catalyst)

The following is a list of historical Tax Abatement projects (Catalyst and Non-Catalyst) and their associated abatements per year beginning in 2014:

	Tax Abatements ¹										
		Abatement Jram			Catalyst Abate	ment Program	2				
Year	Sunlite	T&M Heartland Clinic ³	VanTrust Phase I ⁴	Plastikon Phase I & II	Grandstand Expansion	US Engineering	Pretzels, Inc. ⁵	Standard Beverage	Total		
2014	\$19,472	-		-	-	-			\$143,429		
2015	\$21,182	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	\$149,197		
2016	\$21,178	-		-	-	-	-	-	\$147,035		
2017	\$22,997	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	\$153,794		
2018	\$22,398	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	\$150,210		
2019	\$19,999	-	\$123,778	\$70,663	-	-	-	-	\$357,370		
2020	\$20,515	-	\$118,202	\$111,876	-	-			\$368,668		
2021	\$21,059		\$201,413	\$114,648	\$82,496	-			\$541,380		
2022	\$21,261			\$113,835	\$86,701	-		\$136,020	\$357,717		
Total	\$168,800	\$0	\$443,393	\$297,187	\$82,496	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,340,021		

Starting in 2022, the Douglas County Appraiser's office only provides Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) calculations for eligible properties. Abatement amounts for these properties are not calculated.

Payment in Lieu of Taxes									
Year	T&M Heartland Clinic	VanTrust Phase I	Pretzels, Inc	Total					
2022	\$41,663	\$154,350	\$104,159	\$300,172					
Total	Total \$41,663 \$154,350 \$104,159 \$300,17								

¹ Amounts shown reflect eligible amounts by tax year. NRA refunds are paid after the City receives applicable County's distributions, which are typically the following year.

² Catalyst abatements start the first full year after project completion. At the end of 2019, only the VanTrust Phase I project had been completed.

³ Under agreement with the City, T&M Heartland Clinic is subject to pre-determined Payment in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments.

⁴ Under agreement with the City, Van Trust Phase I is subject to pre-determined Payment in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments.

⁵ Under agreement with the City, Pretzels, Inc. is subject to pre-determined Payment in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments.



Industrial Revenue Bonds

Overview

Industrial Revenue Bonds (IRBs) are an incentive established by the State of Kansas to enhance economic development and improve the quality of life. Considered a "conduit financing mechanism" whereby the City can assist companies in acquiring facilities, renovating structures, and purchasing machinery and equipment through bond issuance, IRBs can be useful to companies in obtaining favorable rate financing for their project, as well as providing a sales tax exemption on project construction materials.

IRBs are repayable solely by the company and place no financial risk on the city. When IRBs have been issued, the municipality typically acquires a leasehold interest in the underlying facility and simultaneously leases it back to the company, and the debt is repaid through lease payments made by the tenant-company on the property that have been financed by the bonds. If the company defaults, the bond owners cannot look to the city for payment.

The City had the following Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding at the end of 2022:

2022 IRBs: Outstanding								
Company	Date of Issue	Issuing Ord. #	Year Matures	Amount Authorized	Project			
Bowersock: Series 2020A (refinance of 2011A) *	May 2020	9760	2033	\$9,229,000	Hydro-Electric Facility			
Bowersock: Series 2020B (refinance of 2011B) *	May 2020	9760	2026	\$6,771,000	Hydro-Electric Facility			
Rock Chalk Park	Oct. 2013	8862	2023	\$40,000,000	Commercial/Recreational			
VanTrust-Phase I	Dec 2018	9573	2028	\$10,200,000	Industrial Building			
USE Engineering (USE Real Estate Holding LLC)	June 2022	9919	Series A: 2042 Series B: 2031	\$15,000,000	Industrial Building			
VanTrust-Phase II (Pretzels, Inc.)	Nov 2021	9877	2031	\$24,000,000	Industrial Building (Pretzels)			
Banks Street IRB**	Dec 2020	9823	2024	\$2,000,000	Commercial Rehab			
T&M Properties (Heartland)	Nov 2021	9889	2031	\$6,504,000	Community Health Clinic			
Flint Hills Holding Group LLC/Penn Street Lofts Housing Partners LP**	Nov 2020	9820	2021	\$12,000,000	Affordable Housing			
Standard Beverage	Feb 2021	9829	2031	\$13,500,000	Commercial Expansion			
Cedarhurst Senior Living Center**	TBD	ROI 7413 issued 3-22-2022 ***	TBD	\$17,000,000	Senior assisted living and memory care facility			
DCCCA, Inc. **	TBD	ROI 7433 issued 7-5-2022 ***	TBD	\$7,900,000	Community Health Facility			
Community Children's Center	TBD	ROI 7458 issued 12-6-2022 ***	TBD	\$5,300,000	Childcare Support Facility			

^{*} Included a sales tax exemption on \$600,000 to be used for repairs and improvements.

^{**} Sales Tax Exemption IRB

^{***} Res of Intent authorized, but bonds not yet issued.



Neighborhood Revitalization Areas

<u>Overview</u>

Neighborhood Revitalization Areas (NRA) are an economic development tool established by the Kansas Neighborhood Revitalization Act (K.S.A. 12-17,114 et seq.) to promote reinvestment and revitalization of properties, which in turn have a positive economic effect upon a neighborhood and the City in general.

The NRA tool provides an annual property tax rebate (during a specified NRA rebate period) to the property owner based on a percentage of the incremental increase in property value resulting from improvements. The base property value (property valuation prior to improvements) is shielded from the rebate so during the NRA rebate period, taxing jurisdictions receive at least the same amount of property tax that would have been generated by the property had it not been improved.

	NRA Distributions										
Year	720 E 9th	1040 Vermont (Treanor)	810/812 Pennsylvania (Cider Building)	1106 Rhode Island	900 Delaware	826 Pennsylvania	1101 Indiana St (HERE KS)	800 Penn St	Total		
2011	\$12,515	1	1	ı	1		-	ı	\$12,515		
2012	\$11,982	1	-	1	1		1	1	\$11,982		
2013	\$12,162	\$26,993		-	-		-	-	\$39,155		
2014	\$12,282	\$27,438	\$25,370	1	1		1	1	\$65,090		
2015	\$13,617	\$29,718	\$25,620	-	-		-	-	\$68,955		
2016	\$13,537	\$29,568	\$26,286	\$11,037	\$29,876		-	-	\$110,304		
2017	\$14,624	\$27,636	\$26,763	\$10,504	\$33,061		-	-	\$112,587		
2018	\$14,117	\$26,512	\$26,460	\$11,753	\$32,416	\$60,791	-	-	\$172,048		
2019	\$16,286	\$24,613	\$26,264	\$11,860	\$32,984	\$69,634	\$504,936	-	\$686,576		
2020	\$15,723	\$18,036	\$24,305	\$12,156	\$33,298	\$73,408	\$507,070		\$683,996		
2021	\$17,869	\$11,579	\$26,426	\$11,405	\$35,314	\$41,789	\$510,824		\$655,206		
2022	\$19,960	\$13,608	\$25,819	\$12,403	\$34,834	\$20,243	\$536,123	\$105,303	\$768,293		
Total	\$174,674	\$235,701	\$233,312	\$81,117	\$231,783	\$265,865	\$2,058,953	\$105,303	\$3,386,707		



Neighborhood Revitalization Areas

Seven (7) companies received NRA rebates in 2021. Overall (for all years in which a NRA rebate was given), the seven NRA revitalized properties generated an average of eighty-six percent (86%) more real property tax revenues as compared to property tax revenues that would have been realized if the properties were left in original condition.

The following table displays the "to-date" taxable values of all active NRA projects, comparing their pre- and post-development estimates:

To Date

All NRAs: To-Date Property Taxes								
NRA	Tax Rev	enues After Develop	oment	Tax Revenues No Development				
	Total Taxes Paid	NRA Rebate	Retained Tax	Base Tax				
720 E 9th St	\$346,021	\$174,683	\$171,338	\$157,593				
1040 Vermont St	\$652,921	\$234,957	\$417,963	\$281,731				
810 Pennsylvania St	\$341,311	\$233,312	\$107,999	\$35,829				
900 Delaware St	\$255,515	\$231,783	\$23,732	\$18,427				
1106 Rhode Island St	\$108,188	\$81,117	\$27,071	\$19,687				
826 Pennsylvania St	\$446,881	\$265,865	\$181,016	\$55,548				
1101 Indiana St	\$2,645,838	\$2,058,953	\$586,885	\$195,708				
800 Penn St	\$115,771	\$3,288						
Total	\$4,912,446	\$3,385,973	\$1,526,473	\$767,811				

Tax Revenue Comparison: All NRAs								
Base	Retained	% Gain (Loss)						
\$767,811	\$1,526,473	98.8%						
Unimproved								



Tax Increment Financing

Overview

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts are an economic development tool established by the Kansas TIF Act (K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq.) to aid in financing projects for substantial public benefit. Public benefits can include creating jobs or retaining existing employment, eliminating blight, strengthening the employment and economic base of the City, increasing property values and tax revenues, reducing poverty, creating economic stability, upgrading older neighborhoods, facilitating economic self-sufficiency, promoting projects that are of community-wide importance, or implementing the Comprehensive Plan and economic development goals of the City.

The City currently has three (3) active TIF districts: **901 New Hampshire**, **The Oread District**, and the **9**th **& New Hampshire District** (includes 900/888 New Hampshire projects).

Tax Increment Financing

TIF Distributions										
		Ore	Oread ⁷		w Hampshire (South)	888 Ne	888 New Hampshire (North)		
Year	901 New Hampshire ⁶	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Property Tax	City Retained 5% ⁸	Sales Tax	Property Tax	City Retained 5% ⁹	Total
2009	-	\$3,113	-	-	-	-		-		\$3,113
2010		\$152,978				-		-		\$152,978
2011	-	\$200,603	\$426,278	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$626,881
2012	\$28,085	\$264,453	\$222,746	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$515,284
2013	\$28,085	\$211,542	\$240,830	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$480,457
2014	\$28,085	\$181,813	\$250,558			-		-		\$460,456
2015	\$28,085	\$181,009	\$270,490	\$51,041	\$22,685	\$3,880	-	-	-	\$557,191
2016	\$28,085	\$63,493	\$283,002	\$116,652	\$297,330	\$21,789		-		\$810,350
2017	\$28,085	\$169,259	\$295,932	\$119,925	\$304,136	\$22,319	\$0	\$39,265	\$2,067	\$980,987
2018	\$28,085	\$168,467	\$361,989	\$112,208	\$341,644	\$23,887	\$329	\$228,303	\$12,016	\$1,276,927
2019	\$28,085	\$146,547	\$369,804	\$132,221	\$305,249	\$23,025	\$271	\$260,419	\$13,706	\$1,279,326
2020	\$28,085	\$106,994	\$368,131	\$72,799	\$314,525	\$20,386	\$112	\$266,695	\$14,042	\$1,191,769
2021	\$28,085	\$127,725	\$297,473	\$74,010	\$305,514	\$19,975	\$0	\$229,585	\$12,083	\$1,094,450
2022	\$28,085	\$146,051	\$307,615	\$109,724	\$278,865	\$19,313	\$0	\$287,232	\$11,754	\$1,188,638
Total	\$308,935	\$2,124,047	\$3,694,847	\$788,579	\$2,169,948	\$154,573	\$712	\$1,311,498	\$65,668	\$10,618,807

⁶ The Downtown 2000 TIF does not pay out to private entities except for a ~\$28,085/year reimbursement that was authorized via agreement. This amount is captured in the above table under 901 New Hampshire Street.

⁷ Reimbursements were subject to a contractual dispute between the City and the developer, which was settled through a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release dated April 13, 2017.

⁸ Per development agreements, the City retains 5% of all TIF revenue generated within the 9th & New Hampshire TIF district, up to \$900,000, for a future "Arts Common" reject

⁹ Per development agreements, the City retains 5% of all TIF revenue generated within the 9th & New Hampshire TIF district, up to \$900,000, for a future "Arts Common" project.



Transportation Development District

Overview

Transportation Development District (TDD) is an economic development tool established by the Kansas TDD Act (K.S.A. 12-17,140 et seq.) to assist in financing public transportation improvements. In all districts, public improvements were financed initially by the developer and are reimbursed annually via a one percent (1%) transportation district sales tax on retail or taxable services occurring within the district.

Currently, the City has three (3) authorized TDD's: the **Oread District**, the **Free-State (Bauer Farms) District**, and the **9**th **& New Hampshire District** (includes 900/888 New Hampshire projects).

	TDD Distributions									
		Free State	9th	& New Hamps	hire					
Year	Oread ¹⁰	(Bauer Farms)	900 New Hampshire (South)	888 New Hampshire (North)	City Retained 5% ¹¹	Total				
2009	\$1,609	\$9,472	-	-		\$11,081				
2010	\$79,087	\$19,457	-	-		\$98,544				
2011	\$103,774	\$52,561	-	-		\$156,335				
2012	\$136,867	\$59,650	-			\$196,517				
2013	\$109,474	\$72,809				\$182,283				
2014	\$94,024	\$88,152				\$182,176				
2015	\$93,559	\$137,753	\$0	\$0	\$21,622	\$252,934				
2016	\$32,831	\$245,863	\$0	\$0	\$49,434	\$328,129				
2017	\$87,538	\$232,990	\$0	\$0	\$50,829	\$371,358				
2018	\$87,049	\$244,944	\$0	\$0	\$47,664	\$379,658				
2019	\$75,708	\$283,539	\$0	\$0	\$56,103	\$415,350				
2020	\$55,284	\$330,379	\$0	\$0	\$30,880	\$416,543				
2021	\$65,998	\$333,968	\$0	\$0	\$31,346	\$431,312				
2022	\$75,503	\$454,689	\$0	\$0	\$46,492	\$576,684				
Total	\$1,098,306	\$2,566,228	\$0	\$0	\$334,370	\$3,998,904				

¹⁰ Reimbursements were subject to a contractual dispute between the City and the developer, which was settled through a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release dated April 13, 2017. Refer to footnote in Section 4 for additional details.

¹¹ Per development agreements, the City retains the first \$850,000 of TDD Revenue as a contribution toward the City parking garage at 10th & New Hampshire.



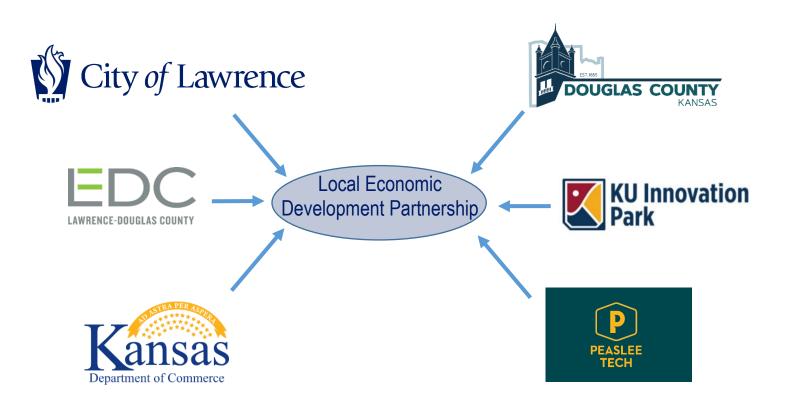
Overview

The City of Lawrence annually contracts with the agencies below to provide services related to economic development in order to foster job growth within the community. The City participates in direct-support programs to help initiate and support economic development within the community.

2022 Other Support Programs							
Support Program Description Location							
Economic Development Services	BTBC/KUIP	2029 Becker & 4950 Research Pkwy					
Economic Development Services	718 New Hampshire						
Workforce Training	Peaslee Technical Training Center	2920 Haskell Avenue					

2022 Assistance				
City	County			
\$295,000	\$512,534			
\$220,000	\$195,000			
\$200,000	\$400,000			

Total \$645,000 \$1,107,534





KU Innovation Park

The KU Innovation Park creates, recruits, grows, and retains companies that produce high quality, high-paying jobs by supporting growth of the



bioscience and technology industries in the City of Lawrence, Douglas County, and Kansas City. By producing these jobs, the Park increases the local tax base and creates wealth in the community. To help its tenant companies grow and succeed, the Park provides:

- Customized office and laboratory space
- Access to the Park's network of business and industry contacts
- Access to KU resources
- High bandwidth, low latency fiber internet connection
- Business services and support

The Park is a unique coalition consisting of the City, Douglas County, University of Kansas, and the local business community via the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce—the first of its kind for Lawrence. As a result of this unique partnership, each dollar contributed by the City is leveraged by contributions by the other partners.

Metric	Park Companies	Park Graduates	Park System Total		
Companies	39	25	64		
Jobs - Direct	390	210	600 349		
Jobs - Indirect	184	165			
Jobs – Induced	125	97	222		
Jobs - Total 699 Annual Payroll \$25,874,160		472	1,171 \$39,806,400		
		\$13,932,240			

Analysis produced using IMPLAN economic development software, Jan 2023

KU Innovation Park Facilities				
Facility	Location	Building SF	Description	
KU Innovation Park Main	KU's West Campus	51,400	Office and lab space situated near several prominent KU research buildings.	
KU Innovation Park Phase III	KU's West Campus	66,000	Highly customized office and wet lab space for established companies with specific facility requirements.	
KU Innovation Park West	15 th Street and Wakarusa	17,500	Suited for incubator graduates, tenants with unique space requirements, and companies seeking GMP-ready space.	

Source: Kansas University Innovation Park, Jan 2023



The Chamber & Economic Development Corporation

The EDC's economic development program is intentionally multi-faceted. Produced in collaboration with its strategic partners, the EDC designed to serve a variety of community constituents and to impact economic growth on several fronts. The EDC endeavors to recruit, grow and retain companies to and within the broader community to produce jobs, expand the tax base, and ensure economic prosperity for the citizens of Lawrence and Douglas County.



Job Creation and Economic Prosperity

The Chamber/EDC generated and/or worked 40+ recruitment/expansion project leads over the course of 2022. Many of these recruitment project opportunities came via regional economic development partners, the Kansas City Area Development Council (KCADC), and the Kansas Department of Commerce (KDOC). The following is a list of significant local projects that came online in 2022: Pretzels, Inc.; Berry Global; US Engineering; & Standard Beverage.

Both the City of Lawrence's Economic Development Strategic Plan and analysis done by the University of Kansas identified several target industries for growth. The Chamber/EDC is tracking jobs in these industries by NAICS code, using Department of Labor and other sources. Due to data collection and analysis delays, the final numbers for 2022 won't be available until mid-year 2023, but data through mid-year 2022 indicates growth of 119 jobs in the identified NAICS categories.

Innovation and Entrepreneurship

With financial support from the Rising Together Capital campaign, and \$105,000 in additional funding from the City of Lawrence in 2023, a Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) to support minority entrepreneurs will be launched in 2023. Throughout 2022, the Chamber worked with an advisory group to establish parameters for the RLF that would best serve minority entrepreneurs in Lawrence and Douglas County. One of the barriers to minority entrepreneurs can be the lack of access to business training and skills development. The Chamber found support for minority entrepreneurs with business training through Network Kansas partners – a highly successful 12-week JUMP Entrepreneurial Course offered by an organization called Entrepreneurial Business Basics (EBB) that provides curriculum with instruction by a qualified instructor to minority entrepreneurs. The Chamber/EDC, Douglas County Community Foundation, and Network Kansas underwrote the class to minimize the cost of the course to the entrepreneurs. The first class of eight (8) minority entrepreneurs attended sessions in the Fall of 2022.

In FY 2022, the Chamber/EDC made a successful application for a \$100,000 Kansas Community Investment Fund (KCIF) loan from Network Kansas to support transition of an existing Lawrence business to a new owner as the original owner exited.

Workforce and Talent Development

Talent/labor are the number one factor in business retention, recruitment, and entrepreneurial success across the United States. The Chamber/EDC partnered with Peaslee Tech on the formation of industry working groups and forums and have worked to bring the working groups together to find ways to address common workforce needs and challenges as they look to find the skilled labor to staff their organizations. Additionally, during 2022, the Chamber/EDC became involved in support for the Lawrence Tech Guild, which is bringing together community members involved in technology to better connect and support the variety of entities and individuals in technology-oriented activities. The Chamber sponsored two events in the second half of 2022, each drew approximately 60 people to meet, collaborate and support each other.



ASBDC-Kansas

(Small Business Development Center)

The KU Small Business Development Center is one of 11 Centers in Kansas and one of approximately 1,100 Centers in the America's SBDC network.



The Center provides free and confidential advising services to new and existing small businesses. Staffed by professionals who are well versed in the topic areas of value to small businesses including strategic planning, market research, financial analysis and more, The KU SBDC focuses on providing services for business planning, access to capital, marketplace/industry analysis, marketing, and financial benchmarking and more. The KU SBDC also pairs MBA candidates at the University of Kansas with local small businesses for specific project engagements.

POWERED BY



U.S. Small Business Administration In 2022, the KU Small Business Development Center provided nearly 2000 hours of one-to-one consulting and over 500 hours of other community engagement. As an SBA Resource Partner, in 2022 the Center was actively involved in providing support and information to businesses seeking resources to start or grow their business especially those recovering from the pandemic. While the KU SBDC provides services throughout a six-county area, approximately eighty-five percent (85%) of measured activity takes place locally in Lawrence.

As part of the cooperative model, economic impact was previously measured annually by The Docking Institute in cooperation with the Kansas Small Business Development Center. The Kansas Small Business Development Center is currently exploring new avenues for tracking impact. Results are preliminary estimations captured using our current Customer Relationship Management system.

2022 KU-KSBDC Economic Impact					
Total client companies	≈ 400				
Reported starting business	≈ 40				
New access to capital	≈ \$10,000,000				
Est. Jobs impact	778				

Source: Neoserra, Fort Hays State University



<u>Dwayne Peaslee Technical Training Center</u> (<u>Peaslee Tech</u>)

Peaslee Tech was established in 2015 by a consortium of partners, including the EDC of Lawrence, the City of Lawrence, Douglas County, the Chamber of Commerce, local industries, and private donors. Peaslee Tech's mission is to



grow a workforce, rich with technically skilled individuals, within the Lawrence and Douglas County communities.

Since it's opening, the center has also come to be recognized as the largest provider of apprenticeship programs in the State of Kansas.

Programs and Course Offerings

As of 2022, the center now offers 27 career training preparation programs. Peaslee Tech offers programs and courses to support several sectors, including Transportation, Building Trades, Skilled Trades, and Healthcare. Additionally, Peaslee Tech offers apprenticeships in Industrial Machinery Mechanic, Auto Service Technician, Medical Equipment Preparer, Heating & Air Installation/Service, Residential Electrician, Residential Plumber, Collision Technician, Maintenance Repair Worker (Level 1 & 2), Facilities Maintenance Technician, Mechatronics Technician, Robotics Technician, Truck Driver, Heavy (Tractor Trailer & Driver, Level 1), Electrician, Engineering Assistant and Glazier. 2022 saw the addition of an Auto Detailing program.

Peaslee Tech offers custom courses in a wide variety of areas, and has included Supervision for Front Line Managers, Accountability, Hydraulics, Electric Motor Drives, Programmable Logic Control, and Environmental Health & Safety. These professional development, short-course offerings are based on industry's expressed needs.

In 2022, the center had 2,650 enrollments and saw an eighty-three percent (83%) completion rate.

Expansions and New Developments

Additional expansion of Peaslee Tech's partnership with ten area school districts resulted in Peaslee implementing two Youth Apprenticeships in Auto Detailing and Lube & Tire Technician, and three Pre-Apprenticeships in CDL-A, Plumbing & Pipefitting/Electrician, and Carpentry. The apprenticeships launched in the Spring of 2023 and have had approximately 35 students participate. All the Youth and Pre-Apprenticeships are designed for entry into Registered Apprenticeships. Additional apprenticeship programs being developed are in Early Childhood Development, Heavy Truck Maintenance, Pharmacy Technician, Law Enforcement and Behavioral Health Aide.

THE CRUNCH, a business ignitor and prototyping center that provides support for existing and startup manufacturers, has had over 45 organizations utilize its services since March 29, 2022.



Rock Chalk Park

Rock Chalk Park is an 89-acre sports campus located at the northwest corner of Rock Chalk Drive and George Williams Way. Opened in the fall of 2014, Rock Chalk Park is home to the 181,000 square foot City recreation center, Sports Pavilion Lawrence, and University of Kansas (KU) athletic facilities.

Traditional economic development tools utilized for the project included a property tax abatement and issuance of industrial revenue bonds for the property containing the KU Athletic facilities¹². In addition, the City authorized support for the shared

Sports Pavilion Lawrence

Facilities

Rock Chalk Park Facilities

O 250 500 1,000

City of Lawrence

infrastructure within the park (e.g. parking, walking trails, all necessary sanitary sewer, potable water, storm sewer, water detention facilities, public and private streets, sidewalk and related improvements) and a rebate of City permit and development fees. By the end of 2015, the City had reimbursed all amounts due for shared infrastructure and development fees.

in	fras	truc	ture	and	C	leve	lopn	nen	t 1	fees.	
----	------	------	------	-----	---	------	------	-----	-----	-------	--

Sports Pavilion Lawrence: Annual Usage						
Year	Avg Monthly Visits	# Key Card Holders				
2022	58,333	78,241				
2021	14,572	62,556				
2020	13,527	67,408				
2019	46,258	59,748				
2018	49,669	39,599				
2018	49,669	39,599				
2017	40,369	34,167				
2016	50,731	29,080				

Source: City Parks and Rec Department, Jan 2022

Sports Pavilion Lawrence Events					
Year	# Events	# Attendees			
2022	52	150,000			







¹² KU would normally receive a 100% property tax abatement on their property for the duration of ownership. However, given the structure of the project with KU Athletics entering into a long term lease with a private developer to construct the facilities, an automatic property tax exemption was not possible. A property tax abatement was utilized to assist KU in pursuing this project. Due to the unique nature of the project and its primary benefits related to assisting KU Athletics and drawing visitors from outside the community rather than job creation, no job creation performance requirements were imposed.