Specific Issue/District Plan

A specific issue or district plan is a document that is developed to address a defined geographic area, development proposal, the coordination of the extension of public services, or infrastructures as part of a unilateral annexation, or land use issue that does not clearly fall in one of the other plan categories.

In the hierarchy of plans, a specific issue/district plan falls under “special area” plans. The level of detail in this plan is concentrated on specific subject based on the study issues identified. This type of plan could take 6 to 12 months.

When is a specific issue or district plan appropriate? Examples where these types of plan are useful are:

- When the study of a sub-area of a neighborhood is needed to evaluate a rise in housing types [rental housing vs. owner-occupied]
- When there is significant redevelopment in an established neighborhood
- When there is a request for a predominate change in land use
- When a major redevelopment plan is proposed
- When there is a conflict of land use and zoning
- Where there is concern that an area is underserved by parks or other public facilities

Purpose or reasons to use a specific issue or district plan are to:

1. Provide guidance on matters of land use, development and site layout to possible area residents or investors.
2. Provide implementation recommendations for coordination of development with adequate public facility’s goals.
3. Provide information regarding the area’s needs, priorities, and proposed projects.
4. Determine if development proposals and land use changes are in accordance with the community’s long term vision.
5. Provide a shared vision for area’s residents/owners and local government entities.
6. Provide a framework to guide an area’s development efforts and track development trends and progress.

Typical Process
The typical process of a specific issue/district plan and the plan itself could include any of the following:

- Identify the study area boundary
- Identify key stakeholders
- Public meetings
- Inventory survey and data analysis
- Goals, visions, policies, and objectives
- Plan drafts
- Adoption process
- Maps of existing and proposed