

### Memorandum

## Recovery Zone Bonds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 Guidelines

### **June 2009**

This memorandum contains a brief summary of the rules governing (1) Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds providing direct Federal payments to state or local governmental issuers in an amount equal to 45% of the total coupon interest payable by the issuer on these taxable bonds (the "Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds") and (2) Recovery Zone Facility Bonds, a new type of tax-exempt private activity bond (the "Recovery Zone Facility Bonds"). The U.S. Department of Treasury (the "Treasury") and the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") issued the guidelines on April 3, 2009 in Notice 2009-26 and on June 12, 2009 in Notice 2009-50.

#### **Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds**

- (a) General. The interest paid on Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds is taxable to the bond holders, but the Treasury will pay to the issuer an amount equal to 45% of each interest payment, as discussed below. Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds must be governmental bonds. This means that the strict limitations on private business use and private security or payments will apply to the proceeds of these bonds.
- (b) Eligible Issuers. Eligible issuers of Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds include States, political subdivisions, and entities empowered to issue bonds on behalf of a State or political subdivision. An issuer may issue Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds based on a volume cap allocation it received directly or from another entity. Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond proceeds must be used for a "Qualified Economic Development Purpose," as discussed in subsection (d) below.
- (c) *Volume Cap.* There is a \$10 billion national volume cap for Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds allocated amongst States, counties, and large municipalities. The allocations for counties and large municipalities in Illinois, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska are attached.

- (1) <u>Allocation of Volume Cap to Ultimate Beneficiaries</u>. States, counties, and large municipalities may use their allocated volume cap themselves or may allocate the volume cap to ultimate beneficiaries in any reasonable manner as determined in good faith discretion.
- (2) <u>Waiver of Volume Cap</u>. A county or large municipality may waive any portion of a volume cap allocation. Upon a waiver, the State in which the county or large municipality is located is authorized to reallocate the waived volume cap in any reasonable manner as determined in good faith discretion. States may enact statutes or other procedures governing the waiver of allocation and the reallocation of the volume cap. For example in Missouri, newly enacted RSMo. Section 108.1010 contains rules governing waiver and reallocation of the volume cap.
- (d) Use of Proceeds; 100 Percent Rule. Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds may only be issued to finance "Qualified Economic Development Purposes" (defined below). This means that 100 percent of the excess of (1) the available project proceeds (sale proceeds of an issue less not more than 2% of sale proceeds used to pay costs of issuance, plus investment earnings on those proceeds), over (2) the amounts in a reasonably required reserve fund, must be used to finance Qualified Economic Development Purposes. Qualified Economic Development Purposes are expenditures for purposes of promoting development or other economic activity in a recovery zone, including (1) capital expenditures paid or incurred with respect to property located in a recovery zone, (2) expenditures for public infrastructure and construction of public facilities and (3) expenditures for job training and educational programs. These expenditures must relate to property or purposes located within, or attributable to, both the jurisdiction of the bond issuer and the jurisdiction of the entity authorized to allocate volume cap. In addition, Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, like other governmental bonds, must not be private activity bonds.
- (e) Recovery Zone. A Recovery Zone is any area designated by the issuer in any reasonable manner using good faith discretion as (1) having significant poverty, unemployment, rate of home foreclosures, or general distress; (2) economically distressed by reason of the closure or realignment of a military installation pursuant to the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990; or (3) any area for which a designation as an empowerment zone or renewal community is in effect as of February 17, 2009.
- (f) Irrevocable Election. Issuers of Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds are required by Code § 54AA(g) to make an irrevocable election to have Code § 54AA apply to the bonds. An issuer should make this election on its books and records on or before the issue date of the bonds.

### (g) Interest Subsidy Payments.

- (1) <u>Form 8038-CP</u>. Under the IRS guidance, *for each payment of interest* on a Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond, the issuer must submit a separate request for payment from the IRS, using Form 8038-CP. The IRS is prepared to accept Form 8038-CP and will be prepared to make timely interest payments to issuers with respect to interest payments beginning on or after July 1, 2009.
- (2) <u>Original Issue Discount and Accrued Interest</u>. In calculating the direct payment an issuer may receive from the IRS, the IRS will not treat original issue discount or the payment of pre-issuance accrued interest as a payment of interest that is eligible for the payment.
- (3) <u>Original Issue Premium</u>. A bond will not qualify as a Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond if the issue price has more than a de minimis amount of premium over the stated principal amount of the bond. A de minimis amount of premium is ¼ of 1 percent of the

par amount, multiplied by the number of complete years to maturity. For example, if a bond is issued with a 20 year maturity, then it may have up to 5% of original issue premium and still qualify as a Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond. If a bond is subject to optional redemption before maturity, the first optional redemption date will be treated as the maturity date.

- (h) Form 8038-CP and Form 8038-G Filing Procedures. Issuers must report the issuance of Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds on Form 8038-G, and the form must be filed with the IRS at least 30 days before the first Form 8038-CP is filed (issuers should not attach a Form 8038-CP to a Form 8038-G). For Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds issued before July 1, 2009, Form 8038-G may be filed less than 30 days before the filing of the first Form 8038-CP if the Form 8038-G is filed separately from, and prior to, the filing of Form 8038-CP. The filing dates for Form 8038-CP vary depending on whether the bonds bear interest at fixed rates or variable rates:
  - (1) <u>Fixed Rate Bonds</u>. An issuer of Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds paying interest at fixed rates must file a Form 8038-CP no earlier than 90 days, and no later than 45 days, before the applicable interest payment date. Issuers should expect to receive requested payments within 45 days of the date that a processible Form 8038-CP is filed with the IRS. If Form 8038-CP is timely filed, the IRS will make payment of the credit due the issuer on a contemporaneous basis by the applicable interest date.
  - Variable Rate Bonds. For an issuer of Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds paying interest at variable rates, the due date for filing a Form 8038-CP is the 45th day after the last interest payment date within the quarterly period for which reimbursement is requested. Upon receipt of a timely filed Form 8038-CP, the IRS will make payment of the credit due the issuer quarterly on a reimbursement basis for interest paid by the issuer during the quarter. Issuers should expect to receive requested payments within 45 days of the date that a valid Form 8038-CP is filed with the IRS.
- (i) Form 8038-G Filing Requirements. Issuers of Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds must check Line 18, "Other", on Form 8038-G and insert "Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond (payment option)" on the line provided. Also, issuers must attach a separate schedule to Form 8038-G indicating the type of bond issue that would normally be entered on Lines 11-18. In addition, issuers must attach a schedule to Form 8038-G which contains the information described below for the Bonds:
  - (1) <u>Fixed Rate Bonds</u>. A complete debt service schedule titled "Fixed Rate Bond Debt Service Schedule," that provides a list of each interest payment date, total interest payable on that date, the total principal amount of bonds expected to be outstanding on each interest payment date, the credit payment expected to be requested from the IRS on each interest payment date, and the earliest date that bonds can be called.
  - (2) <u>Variable Rate Bonds</u>. A debt service schedule titled "Variable Rate Bond Debt Service Schedule," that provides a list of each interest payment date, the total principal amount of bonds expected to be outstanding on each interest payment date, and a description of how interest on the bonds is computed.
- (j) Late Filings and Missed Payments. The Treasury and IRS provided no express guidance regarding (1) the impact of an untimely filing of Form 8038-CP or (2) the procedures for when a requested payment is late or missed.

- (k) Direct Federal Payments Treated as Overpayments. The direct federal payments to be made to issuers (the IRS refers to these as "refundable credits") for Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds are treated as overpayments of tax if the amount of refundable credits due the issuer exceeds the federal tax imposed upon the issuer. Accordingly, all rules relating to overpayments of tax apply. This means (1) the IRS may use the credits to offset other federal income tax liabilities of the issuer under Code Section 6402, (2) an issuer will be allowed to recover interest on any overpayment under Code Section 6611; and (3) any claim for a credit or refund of an overpayment of tax will be limited under Code Section 6511.
- (l) Receipt of Direct Payment. When the payments are made, the IRS will send the payments to the requested recipient's last known address. It is possible that the requested recipient's last known address may not be the address listed on the Form 8038-CP. Therefore, a requested recipient should verify and update its address of record with the IRS by calling 1-877-829-5500 and by Filing Form 8822, Change of Address, as needed.

#### **Recovery Zone Facility Bonds**

- (a) General. The interest paid on Recovery Zone Facility Bonds is tax-exempt to the bond holders, and no federal interest subsidy is payable to the issuer. Recovery Zone Facility Bonds are private activity bonds, designed to finance property that is used by a private business. It is expected that, like other private activity bonds, in most instances the private business benefitting from the financing also will pay all the debt service on the Recovery Zone Facility Bonds.
- (b) Eligible Issuers. Eligible issuers of Recovery Zone Facility Bonds include States, political subdivisions, and entities empowered to issue bonds on behalf of a State or political subdivision. An issuer may issue Recovery Zone Facility Bonds based on a volume cap allocation it received directly or from another entity. Recovery Zone Facility Bond proceeds must be used for Recovery Zone Property (as discussed in subsection (d) below) located within or attributable to, both the jurisdiction of the issuer of the bonds and the jurisdiction of the entity authorized to allocate volume cap.
- (c) Volume Cap. There is a \$15 billion national volume cap for Recovery Zone Facility Bonds allocated amongst States, counties, and large municipalities. The allocations for counties and large municipalities in Illinois, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska are attached. States may enact statutes or other procedures governing the waiver of allocation and the reallocation of the cap. For example in Missouri, newly enacted RSMo. Section 108.1010 contains rules governing waiver and reallocation of the cap.
  - (1) <u>Allocation of Volume Cap to Ultimate Beneficiaries</u>. States, counties, and large municipalities may use their allocated volume cap themselves or may allocate the volume cap to ultimate beneficiaries in any reasonable manner as determined in good faith discretion.
  - (2) <u>Waiver of Volume Cap</u>. A county or large municipality may waive any portion of a volume cap allocation. Upon a waiver, the State in which the county or large municipality is located is authorized to reallocate the waived volume cap in any reasonable manner as determined in good faith discretion.
- (d) *Use of Proceeds*. 95% or more of the net proceeds of a Recovery Zone Facility Bond must be used for Recovery Zone Property.

- (1) Recovery Zone Property. Recovery Zone Property<sup>1</sup> generally is any depreciable property if: (A) the property was constructed, reconstructed, renovated, or acquired by purchase by the taxpayer after the date on which the designation of the recovery zone took effect; (B) the original use of the property in the recovery zone commences with the taxpayer; and (C) substantially all of the use of the property is in the recovery zone and is in the active conduct of a Qualified Business (defined below).
  - (A) Special Rules for Substantial Renovations. Recovery Zone Property which is to be renovated by the taxpayer must be "substantially renovated;" this means that, within 24 months of the taxpayer's acquisition of the Recovery Zone Property, the taxpayer must increase the basis of the property by the greater of (1) the adjusted basis of the property when acquired, or (2) \$5,000.
  - (B) Special Rules for Sale-Leaseback. If Recovery Zone Property is to be sold and leased back by the taxpayer within 3 months after the property was originally placed in service, the property will be treated as originally placed in service not earlier than the date on which the property is used under the leaseback.
- Qualified Business. A Qualified Business is any trade or business except (1) the residential rental of real property located in a recovery zone and (2) any trade or business consisting of operating a private or commercial golf course, country club, massage parlor, hot tub facility, suntan facility, racetrack or other facility used for gambling, or any store the principal business of which is the sale of alcoholic beverages for consumption off premises.
- (e) Recovery Zone. A Recovery Zone is any area designated by the issuer in any reasonable manner using good faith discretion as (1) having significant poverty, unemployment, rate of home foreclosures, or general distress; (2) economically distressed by reason of the closure or realignment of a military installation pursuant to the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990; or (3) any area for which a designation as an empowerment zone or renewal community is in effect as of February 17, 2009.
- (f) Form 8038 Filing Procedure. Information reporting for Recovery Zone Facility Bonds is required to be submitted at the same time and in the same manner as those required for traditional tax-exempt bonds under Code Section 149(e). An issuer must submit a Form 8038, Information Return for Tax-Exempt Private Activity Bonds Issues. Part II of Form 8038 should be completed by checking the box on Line 11q (Other) and writing "Recovery Zone Facility Bonds" in the space provided for the bond description.

If you have any questions, please contact your attorney at Gilmore & Bell, P.C. or one of the tax attorneys listed below.

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that is not subject to Federal income taxation).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The exact definition is: any property to which Code section 168 (relating to the accelerated cost recovery system) applies (or would apply (1) but for Code section 179 (relating to electing to expense certain depreciable business assets) or (2) without regard to whether the particular property is owned by any State or local governmental entity

		Recovery Zone	
		Economic Development	Recovery Zone Facility
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
Illinois		666,972,000	1,000,457,000
Aurora city, IL		9,164,000	13,745,000
Chicago city, IL		133,180,000	199,770,000
Elgin city, IL		5,680,000	8,520,000
Joliet city, IL		7,104,000	10,657,000
Naperville city, IL		7,977,000	11,965,000
Peoria city, IL		1,466,000	2,198,000
Rockford city, IL		11,076,000	16,614,000
Springfield city, IL		2,735,000	4,103,000
Adams County, IL		6,483,000	9,725,000
Alexander County, IL		309,000	464,000
Bond County, IL		745,000	1,118,000
Boone County, IL		4,046,000	6,069,000
Brown County, IL		119,000	178,000
Bureau County, IL		2,341,000	3,511,000
Calhoun County, IL		221,000	331,000
Carroll County, IL		1,479,000	2,219,000
Cass County, IL		544,000	816,000
Champaign County, IL		2,349,000	3,523,000
Christian County, IL		1,223,000	1,834,000
Clark County, IL		1,938,000	2,906,000
Clay County, IL		1,289,000	1,933,000
Clinton County, IL		1,651,000	2,476,000
Coles County, IL		5,393,000	8,090,000
Cook County, IL	Residual	131,209,000	196,814,000
Crawford County, IL	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	259,000	389,000
Cumberland County, IL		1,112,000	1,668,000
DeKalb County, IL		5,973,000	8,959,000
De Witt County, IL		679,000	1,018,000
Douglas County, IL		1,844,000	2,766,000
DuPage County, IL	Residual	46,036,000	69,054,000
Edgar County, IL	i toolada.	1,493,000	2,240,000
Edwards County, IL		665,000	998,000
Effingham County, IL		3,050,000	4,575,000
Fayette County, IL		1,684,000	2,525,000
Ford County, IL		163,000	244,000
Franklin County, IL		2,399,000	3,598,000
Fulton County, IL		1,256,000	1,884,000
Gallatin County, IL		138,000	207,000
Greene County, IL		936,000	1,404,000
Grundy County, IL		2,603,000	3,904,000
Hamilton County, IL		889,000	1,333,000
Hancock County, IL		2,238,000	3,358,000
Hardin County, IL		69,000	104,000
Henderson County, IL		673,000	1,010,000
Henry County, IL		1,292,000	1,938,000
Iroquois County, IL		1,869,000	2,803,000
Jackson County, IL		5,374,000	8,061,000
Jasper County, IL	_	351,000	526,000
Jefferson County, IL	•	4,441,000	6,662,000
Jersey County, IL		1,002,000	1,503,000
55.56; Guing, IL		1,002,000	1,000,000

		Economic Development	
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
1. D Occurred III		2,556,000	3,834,000
Jo Daviess County, IL		1,079,000	1,619,000
Johnson County, IL	Residual	16,820,000	25,230,000
Kane County, IL.	Residual	6,301,000	9,452,000
Kankakee County, IL	Desidual	5,333,000	7,999,000
Kendall County, IL	Residual	1,965,000	2,948,000
Knox County, IL		39,721,000	59,581,000
Lake County, IL			10,541,000
La Salle County, IL		7,027,000 1,402,000	2,103,000
Lawrence County, IL		* *	3,726,000
Lee County, IL		2,484,000	
Livingston County, IL		3,064,000	4,596,000
Logan County, IL		1,281,000	
McDonough County, IL		900,000	1,350,000
McHenry County, IL		18,338,000	27,507,000
McLean County, IL		3,712,000	5,569,000
Macon County, IL		3,469,000	
Macoupin County, IL		2,089,000	
Madison County, IL		11,937,000	
Marion County, IL		2,826,000	
Marshall County, IL		188,000	
Mason County, IL		886,000	
Massac County, IL		806,000	
Menard County, IL		298,000	447,000
Mercer County, IL		414,000	
Monroe County, IL		1,593,000	2,389,000
Montgomery County, IL		1,584,000	2,376,000
Morgan County, IL		2,363,000	3,544,000
Moultrie County, IL		1,319,000	1,979,000
Ogle County, IL		2,940,000	4,409,000
Peoria County, IL	Residual	1,021,000	1,532,000
Perry County, IL		1,490,000	
Piatt County, IL		204,000	
		1,529,000	
Pike County, IL Pope County, IL		185,000	
•		373,000	
Pulaski County, IL Putnam County, IL		384,000	
•		2,481,000	
Randolph County, IL		1,363,000	
Richland County, IL		3,743,000	
Rock Island County, IL		10,560,000	
St. Clair County, IL .		1,090,000	
Saline County, IL	Residual	1,860,000	
Sangamon County, IL	Residual	524,000	
Schuyler County, IL	•	364,000	
Scott County, IL		1,620,000	
Shelby County, IL			
Stark County, IL		77,000 3,759,000	
Stephenson County, IL			
Tazewell County, IL		1,880,000	
Union County, IL		1,071,000	
Vermilion County, IL		2,799,000	· ·
Wabash County, IL	•	776,000	
		/12 ()()(	1 UDS OUL
Warren County, IL		712,000 1,259,000	

		Economic Development	Recovery Zone Facility
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
Wayne County, IL		1,466,000	2,198,000
White County, IL		472,000	708,000
Whiteside County, IL		5,473,000	8,210,000
Will County, IL	Residual	27,424,000	41,137,000
Williamson County, IL		5,923,000	8,885,000
Winnebago County, IL	Residual	11,631,000	17,447,000
Woodford County, IL		555,000	832,000

			Economic Development	Recovery Zone Facility
Area		Residual	Bond	Bond
Kansas			90,000,000	135,000,000
Kansas City city, KS			7,218,000	10,827,000
Olathe city, KS			7,067,000	10,601,000
Overland Park city, KS			11,112,000	16,668,000
Topeka city, KS			0 0	_
Wichita city, KS			0	0
Allen County, KS			139,000	209,000
Anderson County, KS			46,000	70,000
Atchison County, KS			0	0,000
Barber County, KS			0	0
Barton County, KS			1,767,000	
Bourbon County, KS	•		1,767,000	2,650,000
Brown County, KS				0
Butler County, KS			0	.0
Chase County, KS			0	0
Chautauqua County, KS			174.000	0
Cherokee County, KS			174,000	262,000
Cheyenne County, KS			0	0
Clark County, KS			0	0
Clay County, KS			23,000	35,000
Cloud County, KS			0	0
			0	0
Coffey County, KS			663,000	994,000
Comanche County, KS			0	0
Cowley County, KS			186,000	279,000
Crawford County, KS	•		1,279,000	1,918,000
Decatur County, KS			163,000	244,000
Dickinson County, KS			546,000	819,000
Doniphan County, KS	•		1,000,000	1,499,000
Douglas County, KS	•		7,834,000	11,751,000
Edwards County, KS			0	. 0
Elk County, KS			465,000	697,000
Ellis County, KS			1,895,000	2,842,000
Ellsworth County, KS			209,000	314,000
Finney County, KS			0	0
Ford County, KS			651,000	976,000
Franklin County, KS			1,558,000	2,336,000
Geary County, KS			1,569,000	2.354.000
Gove County, KS			0	0
Graham County, KS			. О	0
Grant County, KS			0	0
Gray County, KS	• •	•	0	. 0
Greeley County, KS			0	. 0
Greenwood County, KS			0	0
Hamilton County, KS			0	0
Harper County, KS			12,000	17,000
Harvey County, KS			0	0
Haskell County, KS			0	. 0
Hodgeman County, KS			·	
Jackson County, KS			0	0
Jefferson County, KS			0	0
Jewell County, KS			0	0
, , NO			0	0

		Economic Development Reco	very Zone Facility
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
Johnson County, KS	Residual	15,750,000	23,625,000
Kearny County, KS		0	0
Kingman County, KS		151,000	227,000
Kiowa County, KS		0	- 0
Labette County, KS		0	0
Lane County, KS		0	. 0
Leavenworth County, KS		3,673,000	5,509,000
Lincoln County, KS		0	0,000,000
Linn County, KS		523,000	785,000
Logan County, KS		0	0
Lyon County, KS		0	0
McPherson County, KS		756,000	1,133,000
Marion County, KS		0	0
Marshall County, KS		0	0
Meade County, KS		232,000	349,000
Miami County, KS		1,860,000	2,790,000
Mitchell County, KS		314,000	471,000
Montgomery County, KS		0	0
Morris County, KS		0	0
Morton County, KS		0	0
Nemaha County, KS		0	0
Neosho County, KS		12,000	17,000
Ness County, KS		0	0
Norton County, KS		23,000	35,000
Osage County, KS		0	0
Osborne County, KS		0	0
Ottawa County, KS		1,220,000	1,831,000
Pawnee County, KS		0	0
Phillips County, KS		. 0	0
Pottawatomie County, KS		1,546,000	2,319,000
Pratt County, KS		0	_,0.0,000
Rawlins County, KS		0	. 0
Reno County, KS		0	0
Republic County, KS		0	0
Rice County, KS		0	0
Riley County, KS		5,265,000	7,898,000
Rooks County, KS		70,000	105,000
Rush County, KS		0	0
Russell County, KS		0	. 0
Saline County, KS		11,344,000	17,017,000
Scott County, KS		139,000	209,000
Sedgwick County, KS	Residual	0	0
Seward County, KS	1.00.000	546,000	819,000
Shawnee County, KS	Residual	0	0
Sheridan County, KS	rtooladar	0	0
Sherman County, KS		. 0	0
Smith County, KS		0	0.
Stafford County, KS		267,000	401,000
Stanton County, KS		0	0
Stevens County, KS		12,000	17,000
Sumner County, KS		0	0,000
Thomas County, KS		0	0
Trego County, KS		0	0
riego County, No		U	0

	E E	conomic Development Rec	overy Zone Facility
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
Wabaunsee County, KS		0	0
Wallace County, KS		128,000	192,000
Washington County, KS	•	0	0
Wichita County, KS		0	0
Wilson County, KS		0	` 0
Woodson County, KS		0	0
Wyandotte County, KS	Residual	593.000	889.000

A		onomic Development Rec	
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
Missouri		229,143,000	343,715,000
Independence city, MO		2,573,000	3,859,000
Kansas City city, MO		10,195,000	15,293,000
St. Louis city, MO		11,826,000	17,739,000
Springfield city, MO		10,067,000	15,100,000
Adair County, MO		2,274,000	3,410,000
Andrew County, MO		739,000	1,108,000
Atchison County, MO		715,000	1,072,000
Audrain County, MO		661,000	992,000
Barry County, MO		1,571,000	2,356,000
Barton County, MO		1,185,000	1,777,000
Bates County, MO		344,000	516,000
Benton County, MO		993,000	1,490,000
Bollinger County, MO		494,000	740,000
Boone County, MO		1,412,000	2,118,000
Buchanan County, MO		3,476,000	5,214,000
Butler County, MO		1,457,000	2,185,000
Caldwell County, MO		191,000	287,000
Callaway County, MO		1,804,000	2,706,000
Camden County, MO		1,529,000	2,293,000
Cape Girardeau County, MO		3,383,000	5,075,000
Carroll County, MO		1,553,000	2,329,000
Carter County, MO		667,000	1,001,000
Cass County, MO	Residual	2,199,000	3,298,000
Cedar County, MO		963,000	1,445,000
Chariton County, MO		550,000	826,000
Christian County, MO		4,640,000	6,960,000
Clark County, MO		580,000	871,000
Clay County, MO	Residual	2,722,000	4,084,000
Clinton County, MO		455,000	682,000
Cole County, MO		3,198,000	4,797,000
Cooper County, MO		912,000	1,369,000
Crawford County, MO		1,696,000	2,544,000
Dade County, MO		530,000	794,000
Dallas County, MO		862,000	1,292,000
Daviess County, MO		853,000	1,279,000
DeKalb County, MO		374,000	561,000
Dent County, MO		1,089,000	1,633,000
Douglas County, MO		622,000	933,000
Dunklin County, MO		2,043,000	3,065,000
Franklin County, MO		4,006,000	6,009,000
Gasconade County, MO		1,550,000	. 2,324,000
Gentry County, MO		18,000	27,000
Greene County, MO	Residual	6,456,000	9,684,000
Grundy County, MO		0	0
Harrison County, MO		296,000	444,000
Henry County, MO		886,000	1,328,000
Hickory County, MO		565,000	848,000
Holt County, MO		162,000	242,000
Howard County, MO		84,000	126,000
Howell County, MO		2,214,000	3,321,000

		Economic Development	Recovery Zone Facility
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
Iron County, MO		117,000	175,000
Jackson County, MO	Residual	5,322,000	
Jasper County, MO	residuar	2,977,000	
Jefferson County, MO		8,888,000	13,332,000
=		1,645,000	
Johnson County, MO			
Knox County, MO		377,000	565,000
Laclede County, MO		467,000	
Lafayette County, MO		721,000	
Lawrence County, MO		1,942,000	2,912,000
Lewis County, MO		915,000	1,373,000
Lincoln County, MO		2,007,000	3,011,000
Linn County, MO		1,472,000	2,208,000
Livingston County, MO		975,000	1,463,000
McDonald County, MO		1,167,000	1,750,000
Macon County, MO		1,077,000	1,615,000
Madison County, MO		269,000	404,000
Maries County, MO		583,000	875,000
Marion County, MO		1,370,000	2,055,000
Mercer County, MO		138,000	206,000
Miller County, MO		1,352,000	2,028,000
Mississippi County, MO		1,137,000	1,705,000
Moniteau County, MO		592,000	889,000
Monroe County, MO		730,000	1,095,000
Montgomery County, MO		544,000	817,000
Morgan County, MO		1,083,000	1,624,000
New Madrid County, MO		1,490,000	2,235,000
Newton County, MO		1,466,000	2,199,000
Nodaway County, MO		1,059,000	1,589,000
Oregon County, MO		703,000	1,055,000
Osage County, MO		580,000	871,000
Ozark County, MO		419,000	628,000
Pemiscot County, MO		1,059,000	1,589,000
Perry County, MO		1,056,000	1,584,000
Pettis County, MO		1,194,000	1,790,000
Phelps County, MO		1,624,000	2,437,000
Pike County, MO		326,000	489,000
Platte County, MO	Residual	1,107,000	1,660,000
· ·	Nesidual	1,663,000	2,495,000
Polk County, MO			2,493,000
Pulaski County, MO		200,000	
Putnam County, MO		368,000	552,000
Ralls County, MO		535,000	803,000
Randolph County, MO		521,000	781,000
Ray County, MO		503,000	754,000
Reynolds County, MO		742,000	1,113,000
Ripley County, MO	•	1,041,000	1,562,000
St. Charles County, MO	. *	14,913,000	22,370,000
St. Clair County, MO		577,000	866,000
Ste. Genevieve County, MO		1,056,000	1,584,000
St. Francois County, MO		1,418,000	2,127,000
St. Louis County, MO		40,362,000	60,544,000
Saline County, MO		778,000	1,167,000
Schuyler County, MO		. 362,000	543,000
Scotland County, MO		383,000	574,000

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		Economic Development Rec	overy Zone Facility
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
Scott County, MO		2,070,000	3,105,000
Shannon County, MO		515,000	772,000
Shelby County, MO		251,000	377,000
Stoddard County, MO		2,411,000	3,617,000
Stone County, MO		200,000	301,000
Sullivan County, MO		24,000	36,000
Taney County, MO		335,000	503,000
Texas County, MO		1,307,000	1,961,000
Vernon County, MO		1,286,000	1,930,000
Warren County, MO		1,233,000	1,849,000
Washington County, MO		739,000	. 1,108,000
Wayne County, MO		1,089,000	1,633,000
Webster County, MO		1,968,000	2,953,000
Worth County, MO		179,000	269,000
Wright County, MO		730,000	1,095,000

*		Economic Development	
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
Nebraska		90,000,000	135,000,000
Lincoln city, NE		17,504,000	26,256,000
Omaha city, NE		11,548,000	17,323,000
Adams County, NE		0	0
Antelope County, NE		288,000	432,000
Arthur County, NE		0	0
Banner County, NE		25,000	38,000
Blaine County, NE		0	0
Boone County, NE		0	0
Box Butte County, NE		0	0
Boyd County, NE		0	0
Brown County, NE		0 2 E44 000	0 5 311 000
Buffalo County, NE Burt County, NE		3,541,000 0	5,311,000 0
Butler County, NE		613,000	920,000
Cass County, NE		701,000	1,051,000
Cedar County, NE		0	0
Chase County, NE		0	0
Cherry County, NE		538,000	807,000
Cheyenne County, NE		676,000	1,013,000
Clay County, NE		. 0	0
Colfax County, NE		0	0
Cuming County, NE		763,000	1,145,000
Custer County, NE		138,000	206,000
Dakota County, NE		1,401,000	2,102,000
Dawes County, NE		75,000	113,000
Dawson County, NE		0	0
Deuel County, NE		0	0
Dixon County, NE		438,000	657,000
Dodge County, NE		2,740,000	4,110,000
Douglas County, NE	Residual	2,127,000	3,191,000
Dundy County, NE		0	0
Fillmore County, NE		325,000	488,000
Franklin County, NE		0	0
Frontier County, NE	•	12.000	10.000
Furnas County, NE		13,000 2,452,000	19,000 3,679,000
Gage County, NE Garden County, NE		2,452,000	0.079,000
Garfield County, NE	• *	0	0
Gosper County, NE		0	0
Grant County, NE		0	0
Greeley County, NE		9	0
Hall County, NE		601,000	901,000
Hamilton County, NE		388,000	582,000
Harlan County, NE		0	0
Hayes County, NE		0	0
Hitchcock County, NE		188,000	282,000
Holt County, NE		0	0
Hooker County, NE		1,189,000	1,783,000
Howard County, NE		63,000	94,000
Jefferson County, NE		3,065,000	4,598,000

		Economic Development	Recovery Zone Facility
Area	Residual	Bond	Bond
Johnson County, NE		0	0
Kearney County, NE		488,000	732,000
Keith County, NE		1,351,000	2,027,000
Keya Paha County, NE		0	2,021,000
Kimball County, NE		338,000	507,000
Knox County, NE		1,151,000	1,727,000
Lancaster County, NE	Residual	1,839,000	2,759,000
Lincoln County, NE	Nesidual	4,604,000	6,907,000
Logan County, NE		100,000	150,000
Loup County, NE		25,000	38,000
McPherson County, NE		63,000	94,000
Madison County, NE		2,565,000	3,847,000
Merrick County, NE		75,000	113,000
Morrill County, NE		73,000	0
Nance County, NE		0	0
Nemaha County, NE		0	0
Nuckolls County, NE		0	0
Otoe County, NE		325,000	
Pawnee County, NE		323,000	488,000 0
Perkins County, NE		0	0
Phelps County, NE		300,000	450,000
Pierce County, NE		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
• •		551,000	826,000
Platte County, NE		4,717,000 0	7,075,000
Polk County, NE Red Willow County, NE			1 107 000
Richardson County, NE		738,000 213,000	1,107,000 319,000
Rock County, NE		100,000	·
Saline County, NE		000,000	150,000 0
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Sarpy County, NE Saunders County, NE		3,904,000	5,856,000
		563,000	845,000
Scotts Bluff County, NE Seward County, NE		1,214,000 1,089,000	1,820,000 1,633,000
Sheridan County, NE		1,009,000	
Sherman County, NE		313,000	. 0 469,000
Sioux County, NE		313,000	409,000
· ·		_	732,000
Stanton County, NE Thayer County, NE		488,000	2,064,000
•		1,376,000	2,004,000
Thomas County, NE Thurston County, NE		_	· -
• •		576,000	863,000
Valley County, NE		175,000	263,000
Washington County, NE		576,000	863,000
Wayne County, NE		951,000	1,426,000
Webster County, NE		-	0
Wheeler County, NE		7 933 000	11 740 000
York County, NE		7,832,000	11,749,000