DEVELOPMENT CODE OF THE CITY OF LAWRENCE, LAWRENCE SMARTCODE TEXT AMENDMENTS MARCH 24, 2009 EDITION

Enacting Section 20-224

Amending Sections 20-201(b), 20-601(b), 20-1306(a) and (b), and 20-1402(f) and (g)

OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF LAWRENCE, KANSAS



Incorporated By Reference Pursuant to K.S.A. 12-3009, *et seq.* K.S.A. 12-3301 *et seq.* and the Home Rule Authority of the City

Passed by the Governing Body of the City of Lawrence, Kansas

Ordinance No. 8375 First Reading: March 24, 2009 Second Reading: March 31, 2009 Date of Publication:

20-201 THE DISTRICTS

(a) **Base Districts**

The Zoning Districts presented in this chapter are referred to as "Base Districts" because they establish the basic zoning regulations that apply to all properties classified in, or shown on, the Official Zoning District Map as in that Zoning District. All land in the City has a Base District classification. Base District regulations control the types of uses allowed and the way in which uses and Buildings may be developed on a site. The Base District regulations are the default regulations—they always control unless expressly overridden by or pursuant to any applicable Overlay Zoning District regulations.

(b) Districts Established

The following Base Districts are included in this Development Code. The Base Districts established by this Development Code are intended to be applied in accordance with the Comprehensive Plan.

District Name	Map Symbol	Corresponding Comprehensive Plan Designation								
RS, Single-Dwelling Residential Districts [square feet per Dwelling Unit]:										
Single-Dwelling Residential-40,000 sq. feet	RS40	Very Low-Density								
Single-Dwelling Residential-20,000 sq. feet	RS20	Low-Density								
Single-Dwelling Residential-10,000 sq. feet	RS10	Low-Density								
Single-Dwelling Residential-7,000 sq. feet	RS7	Low-Density								
Single-Dwelling Residential-5,000 sq. feet	RS5	Low- or Medium-Density								
Single-Dwelling Residential-3,000 sq. feet	RS3	Medium-Density								
RSO, Single-Dwelling Residential-Office District [square feet per Dwelling Unit]:										
Single-Dwelling Residential-Office 2,500 sq. feet.	RSO	Low or Medium-Density								
RM, Multi-Dwelling Residential Districts [Dwelling Units per acre]:										
Multi-Dwelling Residential- 12 d.u. per acre	RM12/ RM12D	Medium-Density								
Multi-Dwelling Residential 15 d.u. per acre	RM15	Medium-Density								
Multi-Dwelling Residential- 24 d.u. per acre	RM24	High-Density								
Multi-Dwelling Residential- 32 d.u. per acre	RM32	High-Density								
RMG, Multi-Dwelling R	esidential-Greek Ho	using District:								
Multi-Dwelling Residential-Greek Housing	RMG	High-Density								
RMO, Multi-Dwelling Residentia	al-Office District [<mark>Dw</mark>	velling Units per acre]:								
Multi-Dwelling Residential-Office-22 d.u. / acre	RMO	High-Density								
C, Con	nmercial Districts:									
Inner Neighborhood Commercial	CN1	NA								
Office Commercial	CO	Office or Office/Research								
Neighborhood Shopping Center	CN2	Neighborhood Commercial Center								
Downtown Commercial	CD	Regional Commercial Center								
Community Commercial	CC	Community Commercial Centers								
Regional Commercial	CR	Regional Commercial Center								

District Name	Map Symbol	Corresponding Comprehensive Plan Designation						
Strip Commercial	CS	NA						
I, In	dustrial Districts:							
Industrial/Business Park	IBP	Office or Office/Research						
Limited Industrial	IL	Warehouse and Distribution or Industrial						
General Industrial	IG	Warehouse and Distribution or Industrial						
Special Purpose Base Districts:								
General Public and Institutional	GPI	NA						
Hospital	Н	NA NA NA NA						
Planned Unit Development	PUD[name]							
Planned Residential Development	PRD[name]							
Planned Commercial Development	PCD[name]							
Planned Industrial Development	PID[name]	NA						
Planned Office District	POD[name]	NA						
Urban Reserve	UR	NA						
University/University – Kansas University	U/U-KU	NA						
Open Space	OS	NA						
Lawrence SmartCode Districts (C	Chapter 21 of the Code	e of the City of Lawrence):						
General SmartCode District	SC	NA						
T1 – The Natural Zone	T1	NA						
T2 – The Rural Zone	T2	NA						
T3 – The Sub-Urban Zone	T3	NA						
T4 – The General Urban Zone	T4	NA						
T5 – The Urban Center Zone	T5	NA						
T5.5 – The Special Urban Center Zone	T5.5	NA						
CS – Civic Space	CIVIC	NA						

20-224 Lawrence SmartCode Districts

- (a) Purpose
 - (1) The primary purpose of the Lawrence SmartCode Districts is to promote Traditional Neighborhood Design (TND) development for both Greenfield and Infill/Redevelopment. The rezoning of property as part of the Lawrence SmartCode relies on the rezoning process of the Development Code (20-1303). See Lawrence SmartCode (Chapter 21 of the Code of the City of Lawrence) for additional information.
 - (2) The Lawrence SmartCode Districts are primarily differentiated on the level of urbanism allowed, as provided below:
 - (i) T1, The Natural Zone consists of lands approximating or reverting to a wilderness condition, including lands unsuitable for settlement due to topography, hydrology or vegetation.
 - (ii) T2, The Rural Zone consists of lands in open or cultivated state or sparsely settled. These include woodland, agricultural lands, and grasslands.
 - (iii) T3, Sub-Urban Zone consists of low density suburban residential areas, differing by allowing home occupations. Planting is naturalistic with setbacks relatively deep. Blocks may be large and the roads irregular to accommodate natural conditions.
 - (iv) T4, The General Urban Zone consists of a mixeduse but primarily residential urban fabric. It has a wide range of building types: single, sideyard, and rowhouses. Setbacks and landscaping are variable. Streets typically define medium-sized blocks.
 - (v) T5, The Urban Center Zone consists of higher density mixed-use building types that accommodate retail, offices, rowhouses and apartments. It has a tight network of streets, with wide sidewalks, steady street tree planting and buildings set close to the frontages.

- (vi) T5.5, The Special Urban Center Zone consists of the highest density mixed-use building types that accommodate retail, offices, rowhouses and apartments. It has a tight network of streets, with wide sidewalks, steady street tree planting and buildings set close to the frontages. Because of its historic designation and character, it will be protected from competition in intensity.
- (vii) CIVIC, Civic Space an outdoor area dedicated for public use.

20-601 DENSITY AND DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

(a) Residential Districts

Unless otherwise expressly stated, all development in R Districts shall comply with the Density and Dimensional Standards of the following table:

	RS20	RS10	RS7	RS5	RS3	RSO	RM12/ RM12D [6]	RM15	RMO	RM24	RM32	RMG
40,000	20,000	10,000	7,000	5,000	3,000	5,000	6,000	6,000	5,000	6,000	6,000	10,000
40,000	20,000	10,000	7,000	5,000	3,000							_
						15	12	15	22	24	32	1
150	100	70	60	40	25	50	60	60	50	50	50	50
40	40	40	40	40	25	40	60	60	40	50	50	50
							-					
25	25	25	25	20	15 [1]	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
25/25	25/20	25/15	25/10	20/10	15/10	25/10	25/10	25/10	25/10	25/10	25/10	25/10
20	20	10	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
30/35	30/35	30/25	30/25	20/25	20/25	20/25	20/25	25/25	20/25	20/25	20/25	20/25
15 [4]	30 [4]	40 [4]	45 [4]	50 [4]	50 [4]	50 [4]	50 [4]	50 [4]	50 [4]	50 [4]	60 [4]	60 [4]
25 [4]	50 [4]	70 [4]	70 [4]	75 [4]	75 [4]	75 [4]	75[4]	75 [4]	75[4]	75[4]	80[4]	80[4]
:												
None	None	None	None	240	150	None	50	50	50	50	50	None
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	10	N/A	5	5	5	5	5	NA
35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	45	45	45	45	35[4]
	40,000 150 40 25 25/25 20 30/35 15 [4] 25 [4] 25 [4] None N/A 35	40,000 20,000 150 100 40 40 40 40 25 25/20 20 20 30/35 30/35 15 [4] 30 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] None None N/A N/A	40,000 20,000 10,000 150 100 70 40 40 40 40 40 40 25 25 25 25/25 25/20 25/15 20 20 10 30/35 30/35 30/25 15 [4] 30 [4] 40 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] :	40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 150 100 70 60 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 25 25 25 25 25/25 25/20 25/15 25/10 20 20 10 5 30/35 30/35 30/25 30/25 15 [4] 30 [4] 40 [4] 45 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] 70 [4] :	40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 150 100 70 60 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 20 20 20 25 25 25 20 20/10 20 20 10 5 5 30/35 30/25 30/25 20/25 20/25 15 [4] 30 [4] 40 [4] 45 [4] 50 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] 75 [4] 50 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] 75 [4] 50 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] 75 [4] 50 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] 75 [4] 50 [4] 25 [35] 35 35 35 35	40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000 150 100 70 60 40 25 40 40 40 40 40 25 40 40 40 40 40 25 40 40 25 25 20 15[1] 25/25 25/20 25/15 25/10 20/10 15/10 20 20 10 5 5 5 30/35 30/25 30/25 20/25 20/25 15 [4] 30 [4] 40 [4] 45 [4] 50 [4] 50 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] 75 [4] 75 [4] 75 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] 75 [4] 75 [4] 10 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000 15 15 150 100 70 60 40 25 50 40 40 40 40 40 25 40 25 25 25 25 20 15[1] 25 25/25 25/20 25/15 25/10 20/10 15/10 25/10 20 20 10 5 5 5 5 5 30/35 30/25 30/25 20/25 20/25 20/25 20/25 15 [4] 30 [4] 40 [4] 45 [4] 50 [4] 50 [4] 50 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] 75 [4] 75 [4] 75 [4] 75 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] 70 [4] 70 [4] 75 [4] 75 [4] 75 [4] 25 [4] 50 [4] N/A N/A 12 10	40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000 5,000 6,000 40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000 15 12 150 100 70 60 40 25 50 60 40 40 40 40 25 50 60 40 40 40 40 25 50 60 40 40 40 40 25 50 60 40 40 40 40 25 50 60 25 25 25 20 15[1] 25 25 25/25 25/20 25/15 25/10 20/10 15/10 25/10 25/10 20 20 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 30/35 30/25 30/25 20/25 20/25 20/25 20/25 20/25 15[4] 30 [4] 40 [40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000 5,000 6,000 6,000 40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000	40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000 5,000 6,000 6,000 5,000 40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000 -	40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000 5,000 6,000 6,000 5,000 6,000 40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000	40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000 5,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 40,000 20,000 10,000 7,000 5,000 3,000

[1] Minimum garage entrance Setback = 20 feet

[2] First number represents minimum Exterior Side Setback when subject Lot is adjacent to an abutting interior Side Lot Line. Second number

represents minimum Exterior Side Setback when subject Lot is adjacent to an abutting Rear Lot Line.

[3] First number represents minimum Rear Setback for Single Frontage Lot. Second number represents minimum Rear Setback for double Frontage (or through) Lot.

[4] Applies only to Lots platted after the Effective Date or any improvements on a property after the Effective Date which increase the Building coverage or impervious coverage.

[5] Additional Setback restrictions apply to properties developed adjacent to RS zoned properties where expressly required elsewhere in the Development Code.

[6] Density and Dimensional Standards for the RM12D District are the same as those for the RM12 District.

(b) Nonresidential Districts

Unless otherwise expressly stated, all development in the Commercial and Industrial Districts shall comply with the Dimensional Standards of the following table:

Standard	CN1	CO	CN2	CD	CC	CR	CS	IBP [10]	IL	IG	OS
Min. Site Area	5,000 sq. ft	5,000 sq.ft.	2 Ac.	2,500	5 Ac.	40 Ac	-	5 Ac.	20,000 sq.ft.	5,000 sq.ft.	-
Max. Site Area	1 Ac.	-	15 Ac.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Min. Lot Area (sq. ft.)	5,000	5,000	20,000	2,500	20,000	20,000	5,000	20,000	20,000	5,000	-

Min. Lot Width (ft.) [12]	50	50	100	25	100	150	50/100	200	100	50	_
Min. Setbacks (ft.)											
Front [9]	[6]	20	20	0	25	25	25	[1]	[1]	[1]	[3]
Side (Exterior) [2] [9]	[3]/20	[3]/20	[3]/20	[3]/0	[3]/20	[3]20	[3]15	[1]	[1]	[1]	35
Side (Interior-adj. R) [9]	10	20	20	20	25	45	12	[1]	[1]	[1]	20
Side (Interior-adj. Non-R)	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	[1]	[1]	[1]	15
Rear [4] [9]	20/25	15/25	20/25	0	12/25	30	12/25	[1]	[1]	[1]	0
Max. Front Setback	[6]	NA	NA	5[7]	20	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Max. Lot Coverage (%)	65 [5][11]	65 [5][11]	75 [5][11]	100	85 [5][11]	80 [5][11]	80 [5][11]	65 [5][11]	85 [5][11]	85 [5][11]	NA
Max. Impervious Lot Cover (%)	75 [5][11]	75 [5][11]	80 [5][11]	100	80[5] [8][11]	75[5] [8][11]	80 [5][11]	75 [5][11]	75 [5][11]	75 [5][11]	NA
			Min	. Outdoor	Area (per ur	nit)					
Area (sq. ft.)	50	_	50	_	_	_	50 [5][11]	_	_	_	_
Dimensions (ft.)	5	_	5	_	-	-	5 [5][11]	-	_	-	-
Max. Height (ft.) [13]	25	50	45	90 [7]	50	75	45	60	35	75	35
[1] Minimum Setbacks are as follows:											
Abutting Street Right-of-Way Abutting Other Lot Lines							Lines				
District	Across From	R	Across Fr	om Non- F	R District		tting R or awrence		ing Non-R		

	District	Across From R District	Across From	Non- R District	Abutting R or	Abutting Non-R District	
			Arterial	Collector	Lawrence SmartCode District		
	IBP [10]	40	40	40	40	15	
	IL	50	50	25	20	15	
	IG	50 [14]	50	25	50 [15]	15	

[2] First number represents minimum Exterior Setback to an abutting Side Lot Line. Second number represents minimum Exterior Setback to an abutting Rear Lot Line

[3] Same as Front Yard of abutting Lot

[4] First number represents minimum Rear Setback for Single Frontage Lot. Second number represents minimum Rear Setback for double Frontage (or through) Lot

[5] Applies only to Lots platted after the Effective Date.

[6] Setback of Building constructed after the Effective Date shall be within 1 foot of the average Setback of existing Buildings on the same Block on the

same side of the Street.

[7] Subject to location and Height limitations in Downtown Design Guidelines and Downtown Design Standards.

[8] Maximum Building coverage in CC and CR districts is 25%.

[9] Additional Setback restrictions apply to properties developed adjacent to RS zoned properties where expressly required elsewhere in the Development Code.

[10] Density and Dimensional Standards for the GPI and H Districts shall be the same as those established in the IBP District. [11] Applies to any Significant Development Project.

[12] First number represents the minimum existing Lot Width. The second number represents the required Lot Width for a Lot platted after the Effective Date.

[13] Maximum Height may be subject to the standards of Section 20-602(h)(2) when located adjacent to RS properties.

[14] Setback shall be 25 feet for all IG properties zoned M-2 under the previous zoning code.

[15] Setback shall be 20 feet for all IG properties zoned M-2 under the previous zoning code.

20-1306 ZONING VARIANCES

(a) Authority and Applicability

The zoning variance procedures of this section authorize the Board of Zoning Appeals to approve, in specific cases, variances from specific zoning standards of this Development Code *or of the Lawrence SmartCode (Chapter 21 of the Code of the City of Lawrence)* that will not be contrary to public interest and where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of zoning standards would result in Unnecessary Hardship.

(b) Prohibited Zoning Variances

- (1) The Board of Zoning Appeals is not authorized to approve a variance that would allow a use that is not allowed in the Base District.
- (2) The Board of Zoning Appeals is not authorized to approve a variance from the standards of Article 7.
- (3) The Board of Zoning Appeals is not authorized to approve a variance from the standards specifically identified in what is listed in Chapter 21, Article 100.5.

(c) Application Filing

Zoning variance applications shall be filed with the Planning Director.

(d) Public Hearing Notice

Newspaper and mailed notice of the Board of Zoning Appeals' public hearing shall be provided in accordance with Section 20-1301(q).

(e) Staff Review/Report

The Planning Director will review each proposed variance application in accordance with the review and decision-making criteria of Section 20-1309(g) and, if deemed necessary, distribute the variance application to other agencies and reviewers. Based on the results of those reviews, the Planning Director will provide a report on the variance application to the Board of Zoning Appeals.

(f) Board of Zoning Appeals' Hearing and Decision

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall hold a public hearing on the proposed variance and review the application in accordance with the applicable review and decision-making criteria of Section (g). Following the public hearing, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall take one of the following actions:

- (1) approve the variance;
- (2) approve the variance with conditions;
- (3) deny the variance.

(g) Review and Decision-Making Criteria

(1) Outside the Regulatory Floodway (Unnecessary Hardships)

The Board of Zoning Appeals may approve a zoning variance, but not a variance from the Floodplain management regulations of Article 12 upon the finding of the Board that all of the following conditions have been met:

- (i) That the variance request arises from such conditions which are unique to the property in question and not ordinarily found in the same zoning or district and are not created by action(s) of the property Owner or applicant;
- (ii) That granting the variance would not adversely affect the rights of adjacent property Owner or residents;
- (iii) That strict application of the provisions of this chapter for which the variance is requested would constitute Unnecessary Hardship upon the property Owner represented in the application;
- (iv) That the variance desired would not adversely affect the public health, safety, morals, order, convenience, prosperity or general welfare; and
- (v) That granting the variance desired would not be opposed to the general spirit and intent of this chapter.

(2) Flood Protection Regulations

- (i) The Board of Zoning Appeals may approve a variance from the flood protection regulations of Article 12 only after finding that the requested variance meets all of the following criteria:
 - **a.** a determination by the Board of Zoning Appeals that the variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard to afford relief;

- **b.** a showing of good and sufficient cause;
- c. a determination by the Board of Zoning Appeals that failure to grant the variance would result in an Unnecessary Hardship to the applicant, as that term is defined in Section 20-1309(g)(1); and
- **d.** a determination by the Board of Zoning Appeals that the granting of a variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public expense, create nuisances, cause fraud on or in victimization of the public, or conflict with existing local laws or ordinances.
- (ii) The Board of Zoning Appeals may approve a zoning variance from the flood protection regulations of Article 12 only after considering all technical evaluations, relevant factors, and standards specified in Article 12 and meeting the terms of K.S.A. 12-734. In addition, the following factors shall be considered:
 - a. the danger of injury from materials swept onto other lands;
 - **b.** the danger of life and property due to flooding or erosion damage;
 - c. the susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual Owner or occupant;
 - **d.** the importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community;
 - e. the necessity to the facility of a waterfront location, where applicable;
 - f. the availability of alternative locations, not subject to flooding or erosion damage, for the proposed use;
 - **g.** the compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development;

- **h.** the relationship of the proposed use to the Comprehensive Plan and Floodplain management program for that area;
- i. the safety of Access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles;
- **j.** the expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise and sediment transport of the flood waters and the effects of wave action, if applicable, expected at the site; and
- **k.** the costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions, including maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems, and streets and bridges.
- (iii) Generally, variances from flood protection standards may be issued for a Significant Development Project to be erected on a Lot of one-half acre or less in size contiguous to and surrounded by Lots with existing Structures constructed below the Regulatory Flood level, providing items Section 20-1309(g)(2)(ii)(a) through Section 20-1309(g)(2)(ii)(j) have been fully considered. As the Lot size increases beyond one-half acre, the technical justification required for issuing the variance increases.
- (iv) Any applicant to whom a variance is granted shall be given written notice that the cost of flood insurance will be commensurate with the increased risk resulting from the reduced lowest floor elevation.
- (v) The Planning Director shall maintain the records of all variances and report any variances to the Federal Insurance Administration upon request.

(h) Findings of Fact

All decisions on zoning variances shall be supported by an affirmative finding of fact on each of the applicable approval criteria of Section (g). Each finding shall be supported by substantial evidence in the record of proceedings.

(i) Filing and Mailing of Decision

Every decision or determination by the Board of Zoning Appeals shall be:

- filed in the office of the City Clerk by the Planning Director not more than seven (7) Working Days following the date of hearing; and
- (2) mailed to the applicant and all other parties who have made a written request for notification.

(j) Date of Effect

Decisions on variances become effective on the date the Board of Zoning Appeals makes its decision.

(k) Expiration of Approval

(1) Failure to Apply for Building Permit

In the event the Landowner fails to file an application for Building Permit within 12 months after final approval of the variance has been granted, then such variance shall expire in accordance with the following provisions:

- For good cause shown, the expiration date may be (i) extended by the Board of Zoning Appeals for a period not to exceed 6 months. The application for extension or modification may be made by letter to the Planning Director and will be considered only if received before the expiration date of the variance. The Planning Director shall place such with request, anv recommendation of the Planning Director on the agenda of the Board of Zoning Appeals. The Planning Director shall notify the applicant by first class mail of the date of the proposed consideration by the Board. On that date, the Board shall hear from the applicant and the Planning Director and may hear from other interested parties. Only one such extension may be granted.
- (ii) No action by the City shall be necessary to cause the variance to expire. Its expiration shall be considered a condition of the original approval. After the expiration date, or extended expiration date, any further application for a Building Permit or for other Development Activity on the site shall be considered as though the variance had not been granted.

- (iii) Approval of a variance does not, in itself, vest any rights under K.S.A. Sec. 12-764. Rights vest only after the related Building Permit is issued and substantial construction is begun in reliance on that permit.
- (iv) A variance will also expire upon expiration of a Building Permit.

(I) Appeals

Within 30 days of the date of effect of the Board of Zoning Appeals' decision, any person aggrieved by such decision may maintain an action in District Court to determine the reasonableness of the final decision.

20-1402 BOARD OF ZONING APPEALS

(a) Appointment

A Board of Zoning Appeals is hereby created.

- (1) The Board of Zoning Appeals shall consist of seven members to be appointed by the Mayor with the approval of the City Commission. All of the members of the Board of Zoning Appeals shall be residents of the City. None of the members shall hold any other public office of the City except that one member may be a member of the Lawrence Planning Commission. A member shall be appointed for a term of three years.
- (2) It is specifically provided that on the Effective Date such Board of Zoning Appeals, as was legally in existence immediately prior to such date, shall be constituted as the Board of Zoning Appeals hereby created, and the terms of the then members of the Board of Zoning Appeals shall expire on the same dates as were established at the time of the most recent appointment of each of such members, or until their successors are duly appointed and qualified. Thereafter, all appointments shall be made for a term of three years.
- (3) One member of the Planning Commission may be appointed to the Board of Zoning Appeals in the same manner as other members of the Board of Zoning Appeals. In the event such member's term on the Planning Commission shall expire prior to the expiration of the term on the Board of Zoning Appeals, and in the event such member is not re-appointed on the Planning Commission, his position on the Board of Zoning Appeals shall become vacant simultaneously with the expiration of his appointment to the Planning Commission.

(b) Replacement of Board of Zoning Appeals Members

A member of the Board of Zoning Appeals, once qualified, can thereafter be removed during his term of office only for cause and after public hearing. In the event of the death, resignation, or removal of any such member before the expiration of his term, a successor shall be appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the City Commission to serve his unexpired term.

(c) Officers

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall annually elect a chairperson, a vice-chairperson, and secretary. The secretary may be an officer or employee of the City.

(d) Duties of Officers

The chairperson, or in the chairperson's absence, the vice-chairperson, shall preside at all meetings, shall decide all points of order or procedure, and as necessary, shall administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses.

(e) Rules and Meetings

- (1) The Board of Zoning Appeals may adopt rules to govern its proceedings in accordance with the provisions of this article.
- (2) Meetings of the Board of Zoning Appeals shall be held at least once a month but may be held at any time at the call of the chairperson and at such other times as the Board of Zoning Appeals may determine. All meetings of the Board of Zoning Appeals shall be held at such place or places within the City as the Board of Zoning Appeals may designate and shall be open to the public.
- (3) The Board of Zoning Appeals shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing evidence presented, findings of fact by the Board of Zoning Appeals, decisions of the Board of Zoning Appeals, and the vote upon each question. Records of all official actions of the Board of Zoning Appeals shall be filed with the Planning Director.

(f) Powers and Duties of the Board of Zoning Appeals

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall administer the details of appeals from the provisions of this chapter (except for the provisions of Articles 7 and 8), or other matters referred to it regarding the application of this chapter **or of the Lawrence SmartCode (Chapter 21 of the Code of the City of Lawrence)** as hereinafter provided. In exercising these powers, the Board of Zoning Appeals, in conformity with the provisions of this chapter **or of the Lawrence SmartCode (Chapter 21 of the Code of the City of Lawrence)**, may reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination, and to that end shall have all the powers of the officer from whom the appeal is taken, and attach appropriate conditions, and may issue or direct the issuance of a permit.

(g) Powers Specified Elsewhere in this Development Code

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall also have those powers and duties specifically set forth in other parts of this Development Code *and of the Lawrence SmartCode (Chapter 21 of the Code of the City of Lawrence)*.

(h) Quorum of the Board of Zoning Appeals

A quorum of the Board of Zoning Appeals is four members of the seven member Board. If a meeting is called and a quorum is not present at the specified meeting time, the chairperson of the Board or his designee shall immediately declare a lack of quorum and schedule a new meeting date and time for continuance of the published meeting and public hearings.

(i) Tie Vote of the Board of Zoning Appeals

A tie vote of the Board of Zoning Appeals on a variance request, or the lack of approval of a motion by a majority of members present and voting shall be considered a denial of the appeal request.