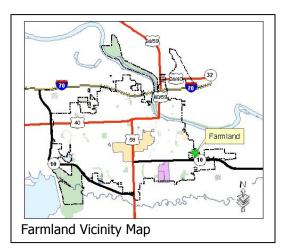
Farmland Industries Redevelopment Plan

# I. Introduction and Purpose

#### Location

The Farmland Industries property is approximately 467 acres and is located east of Lawrence along K-10 Highway and just west of the East Hills Business Park. It is approximately one half mile south of the Kansas River. The site extends into Sections 4 and 5 of Township 13 South, Range 20 East.



#### Setting

Heavily traveled K-10

Highway borders the property to the south and 15<sup>th</sup> Street and the Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad border it to the north. The area is predominately industrial in nature, with some residential uses west of the property. In addition, the Douglas County Fairgrounds are nearby to the west and agricultural uses are to the north. South of K-10 is an industrial park.

# **Background**

The former Farmland Nitrogen Manufacturing plant began operations in 1954. It produced throughout its operating period various nitrogen-containing chemicals. Manufacturing operations were shut down in 2001 due to an economic downturn of the agricultural fertilizer market, rising energy costs, and the bankruptcy of Farmland Industries. The Kansas Department of Health (KDHE) began monitoring and regulating environmental issues at the site in the early 1990's. The site has been inactive since its closure in 2001.

In May 2004, KDHE and Farmland reached settlement through bankruptcy proceedings, with Farmland contributing money to an independent trust fund (FI Kansas Remediation Trust) for future cleanup activities at the site.

Under the direction of KDHE, a Site Characterization Report was completed for the site in 2006. Extensive field work was conducted for the report in the summer of 2005. Approximately 1,200 soil, sediment, and ground water samples were collected from more than 400 locations, with the intent of both evaluating cleanup options and supporting potential site redevelopment. A major conclusion of that report is that a significant portion of the property has been found to be suitable for reuse in its present state.

#### DRAFT

The Farmland Redevelopment Plan planning process was initiated by the Lawrence City Commission in early 2007.

# **Purpose**

The Farmland Redevelopment Plan brings together the community goals of creating additional employment and open space by providing a plan to redevelop a brownfield into a major community asset. This Plan will act as the City's official policy guide for Farmland Industries redevelopment. The Plan should be reviewed every 5 years to ensure it is being implemented and remains relevant.

# Relation to Other Plans

This Plan constitutes an amendment to Horizon 2020.

#### **Process**

Planning Staff developed a draft Plan with input from other City departments. The draft Plan is currently available for public review.

#### II. **Existing Conditions**

#### **Environmental**

**Brownfields** are properties whose expansion, redevelopment, or reuse may be complicated by the presence, or perceived presence, of contamination. Farmland The Industries property has environmental issues, but the reality those issues



perhaps isn't quite as severe as the general perception of those issues. As stated earlier in this document, a major conclusion of the Site Characterization Report for the Farmland Industries property is that a significant portion of the property has been found to be suitable for reuse in its present state. More specifically, 225 acres of the 467-acre site that was tested were deemed to not have been impacted by former plant operations and require no further action.

The environmental issues identified on the remainder of the site include elevated nitrogen levels in soil, localized groundwater contamination, and pond sediment contamination. Please see the Site Characterization Report for a full accounting of the environmental issues.

Cleanup activities on the site are either underway or in the planning stages for future implementation. Existing cleanup activities includes the neutralization of acidic groundwater in the regulated Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) unit. Dewatering of the wastewater ponds and land application for beneficial re-use on agricultural farmland in North Lawrence is ongoing. Dewatering the most contaminated ponds will allow for the cleanup of the sludge and contaminated soil in those ponds, which is the major source of pollution at the site. KDHE will place emphasis on cleanup strategies for the ponds that employ beneficial re-use of the contaminated sludge and soils as fertilizers.

Future cleanup activities will likely include: excavation and disposal of chrome-contaminated waste catalyst material from the Catalyst Landfill; consolidation of nitrogen-contaminated soils into the East Lime Pond for capping in place and closure; and stormwater pollution prevention.

# **Transportation**

The property is bordered by the Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad and also by K-10 highway. The multi-modal aspect of the property is an advantage for future redevelopment. There also is a spur from the mainline railroad that runs through the property.

The local road system is limited in serving the property. N 1500 Rd is a county road that serves the Farmland property along its northern boundary. 19<sup>th</sup> Street dead ends on the west edge of the property. No roads currently extend into the property from East Hills Business Park. No connections exist to the industrial park south of K-10 either. No roads bisect the property.

K-10 is state highway that connects Lawrence and Douglas County to Johnson County and the Kansas City Metro area. It is a heavily traveled highway that also functions as a commuter route. The road is a divided highway with two lanes each westbound and eastbound. The speed limit along the section that fronts East Hills



Traveling west on K-10 just beyond East Hills Business Park

Business Park and the Farmland property is 65 miles per hour. Speeds gradually reduce as the roadway narrows to a 5-lane road in the city just beyond Farmland.

The divided highway, high speeds, and large volume of traffic on K-10 make accessing the property safely a priority for future redevelopment.

#### **Demolition**

Farmland Industries ceased operations at the Lawrence facility in 2001. Some of the processing equipment and buildings have been purchased and removed from the site. Those that remain, however, will need to be removed, along with all concrete pads and foundations.



Farmland Industries Buildings and Equipment

#### **Natural Features**

While a good portion of the property has been developed, there remain areas that have mature tree stands. These are located in the southwestern part of the site and in the northwest section. The northwest and north part of the property is the area with the steepest slopes. There is a sandstone bluff overlooking the Kansas River valley near the Bag Warehouse. Generally the property drains from the southwest to the northeast, towards the Kansas River. There currently is no flood hazard area on the property.

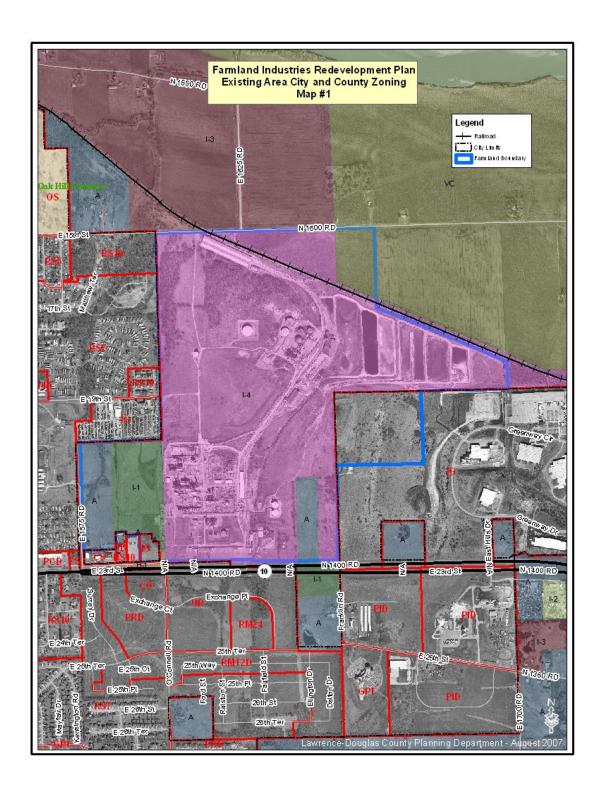
### **Surrounding Land Uses**

Adjacent to the west of the property are a variety of land uses including residential, salvage, and the Douglas County Fairgrounds. North and northeast of the property is primarily agriculture uses. East of the property is the East Hills Business Park. South of the property and across K-10 is another business park. Map #1 details the surrounding City and County zoning.

#### Infrastructure

There are public water connections to the property. However, private infrastructure on the property needs to be identified in order to provide an inventory and condition assessment for future use of that infrastructure. A 16-inch City of Lawrence water transmission line runs along the north side of K-10 and serves the East Hills Business Park.

City of Lawrence wastewater service is provided to adjacent properties and does not serve this property. It's likely that future wastewater service to this property will be extended from East Hills Business Park.



# III. Goals and Guiding Principles

### **Employment**

<u>Goal</u> – Create an area that will further the City's efforts to promote additional employment opportunities for economic development and tax base expansion.

### **Guiding Principles**

- Redevelop the Farmland Industries property to support employment center development.
- Connect the property to East Hills Business Park to help foster a synergy of employment opportunities.
- o Promote and market the area as a strong employment center.

# **Land Use**

<u>Goal</u> – Redevelop the Farmland Industries property to support the employment and open space needs of the community.

# **Guiding Principles**

- Employment center land use should be the dominant future land use of the property.
- Limited retail should be allowed to support the needs of the workers in the area.
- Integrate open space into the property to serve the workers and the community at-large.
- Provide civic space and civic uses to integrate with the neighboring Douglas County Fairgrounds.

### **Public Infrastructure**

<u>Goal</u> - Provide ongoing improvement of infrastructure and public facilities that will facilitate the redevelopment of the Farmland Industries property.

# **Guiding Principles**

- Ensure safe access to K-10 from the site.
- Provide a road network through the site that provides connections to the City's existing road system and connects to East Hills Business Park.

### DRAFT

- Provide sewer and water connections and ensure adequate City system capacity to handle the redevelopment of the property.
- Continue to manage the stormwater system with the existing mechanisms that are in place. Improve the stormwater system when appropriate in the future.

### IV. Future Land Use

The Farmland Future Land Use Plan ( $\underline{\text{Map }\#2}$ ) graphically illustrates a conceptual guide for future redevelopment that embodies the vision and goals presented in Section III. The map is conceptual and should not be used to determine precise zoning boundaries.

# **Employment Center**

This category applies to the majority of the Farmland Industries property to support redevelopment for a future employment area. This category includes office uses, light industrial, manufacturing and warehousing. Attention should be paid to site buffering and design as the property borders a major highway which is a gateway into the community.

**Primary Uses:** office, light industrial, manufacturing and warehousing **Zoning Districts:** IBP (Industrial/Business Park), IL (Limited Industrial District), IG (General Industrial District) and PID (Planned Industrial District).

Density/Intensity: Light to heavy

#### Civic

Civic space is assigned to the westernmost part of the property that is adjacent to the Douglas County Fairgrounds. Uses here should be compatible with fairgrounds and provide a buffer to the residential uses to the west.

**Primary Uses:** Arts, culture, education, and government

**Zoning Districts:** GPI

Density/Intensity: Light to medium

#### **Open Space**

This category applies to the areas of the property reserved for future open space for use by workers at the site and the public at-large. Trails are recommended in the open space area. Integrating trails within this space and connecting them to the area's trail system is recommended.

**Primary Uses:** Open space, passive recreation, and trails

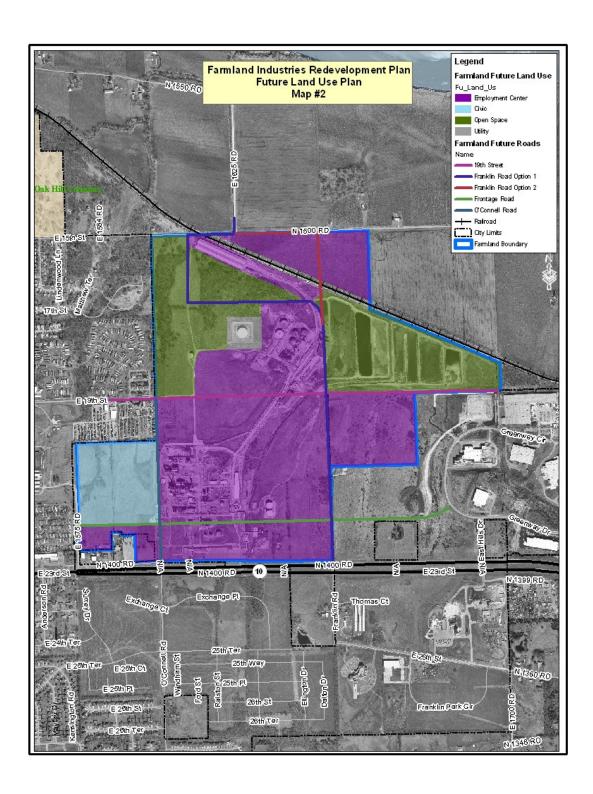
Zoning Districts: OS Intensity: Light

### Utility

This category designates those areas of the property necessary for public sewer and water service. Uses include pump stations, water storage, etc.

**Primary Uses:** Public utilities

**Zoning Districts:** GPI **Intensity:** Light to medium



# V. Redevelopment Strategy

A number of issues need to be addressed on this property before it can reach its ultimate potential of becoming an employment center for the community. There is environmental cleanup to complete, demolition of the former Farmland Industries structures is necessary, public infrastructure must be extended into the site, and transportation issues need to be resolved. The following strategy addresses those issues for the long-term redevelopment of the Farmland Industries site.

Action steps are provided at the end of each section. The action steps represent implementation activities that should occur in order for this property to properly redevelop. The responsible party, or parties, is listed in parentheses at the end of each action step. Responsibility is either full or partial depending on the circumstance of each situation.

#### A. Environmental

While a good portion of the property has no environmental issues, those portions that do will need to be cleaned before redevelopment can occur. The independent trust fund, FI Kansas Remediation Trust, contains money dedicated for future cleanup activities at the site.

**Action Step**: Complete environmental clean-up as the property develops (property owner/developer)

#### B. Demolition

Demolition of existing deficient structures and concrete foundations is a cost that needs to be considered for future redevelopment.

**Action Step:** Complete demolition as the property develops (property owner/developer)

### C. Public Infrastructure

#### Water

There are public water connections to the property. However, private infrastructure on the property needs to be identified in order to provide an inventory and condition assessment for future use of that infrastructure. A 16-inch City of Lawrence water transmission line runs along the north side of K-10 and serves the East Hills Business Park. City of Lawrence public water will need to be extended to serve future redevelopment of the entire site. Public water is available along the north side of K-10 and in East Hills Business Park.

A water transmission line is being planned to service the southeast area of the city. This transmission line likely will run along the western boundary of the property.

The possibility exists that the City will use the site of the existing Farmland Industries water storage tank for future potable water storage for the City's water system. The Future Land Use Map designates this possibility.

#### **Wastewater**

City of Lawrence sewer service will need to be extended into the site to serve future redevelopment. Public sewer service is available in East Hills Business Park.

Any future water and wastewater service to the property is contingent upon the ability of the City to properly serve the development as it occurs on the property. In other words, adequate City system capacity must be in place before service can be utilized on the property.

### **Stormwater**

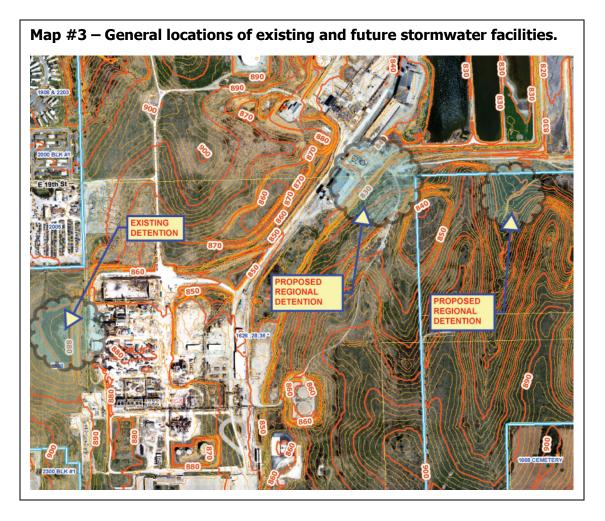
The overall redevelopment should include two or three regional detention basins to maximize land use. The existing detention basin should continue to be utilized to accommodate drainage on the western portion of the property. The existing drainage channel that runs through the property should be preserved as well and function as the primary drainage channel for the site. A possible second location for regional detention would be located southwest of the existing settling basins. Existing topography also provides the opportunity for a third basin immediately south of the existing settling basins. The general locations of the above mentioned existing and future facilities are shown on Map #3.

**Action Step**: Survey existing private infrastructure on the property to determine viability for future public use. (Property owner/developer, City)

**Action Step**: Ensure adequate system capacity before providing public utility service to property (City)

**Action Step**: Extend public utility services to serve the site (property owner/developer)

**Action Step:** Construct regional detention basins as needed during development of the property (Property owner/developer)

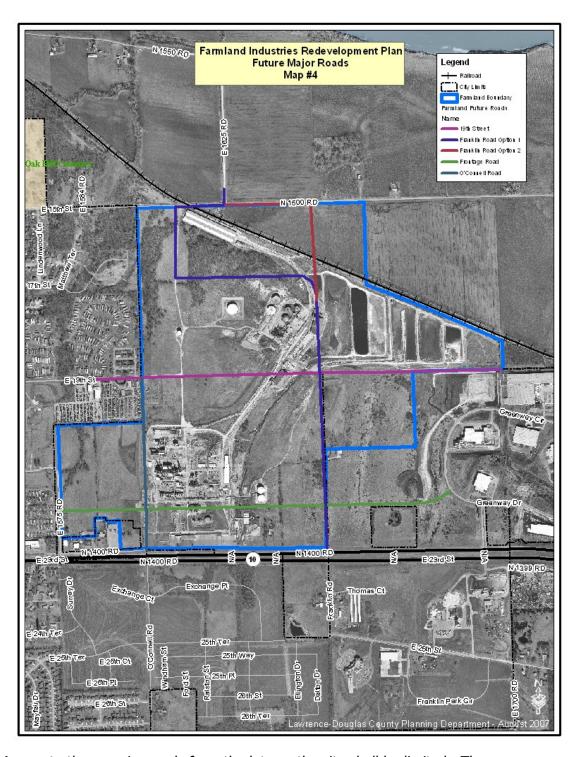


# D. Transportation

### Road System

Map #4 shows the future major roads that should be extended through the property. O'Connell Road should be extended north to connect to 19<sup>th</sup> Street. 19<sup>th</sup> Street should be extended east through the property to connect to East Hills Business Park.

Franklin Road should be extended north to connect with 15<sup>th</sup> Street. This plan identifies options to make that connection. Options are necessary because of terrain issues on the property and the rail road. A connection straight to 15<sup>th</sup> Street is problematic because it involves crossing the rail road. Getting this crossing will be a challenge because railroads are generally trying to close crossings and not create new ones. An alternative is to turn the road west and then north again to get it to 15<sup>th</sup> Street. This option doesn't require another rail crossing because it will utilize the one 15<sup>th</sup> Street already has.



Access to these major roads from the lots on the site shall be limited. The map also shows a road extending to the west from East Hills Business Park to provide a reverse frontage road for development lots that will front K-10. Additional local roads that serve the site should be arranged to minimize development lot access to the future major roads.

Options are given for the extension of Franklin Road through the site. Topographic conditions on the site as well as the presence of a rail road make it necessary to present options that can be studied in more detail and when a project to extend the road is initiated. The option that turns east near the northern boundary of the property does this because of topographic concerns and also because it will not create a need for another rail crossing. The option that goes straight north will need approval from the railroad for another crossing, something that may be a challenge to receive.

### Franklin Road/K-10 Intersection

Providing safe access to K-10 at Franklin Road will be a key component to the redevelopment of the Farmland Industries property. Traffic on K-10 in this area travels at a high rate of speed. Controlling access is important for the safety of the workers and others that will be accessing the employment center. Options for this intersection include:

- Stop sign controls install stop signs on the Farmland property to stop traffic before it enters K-10. This is similar to the existing condition at East Hills Drive and K-10. This in an interim measure at best and not recommended as a long-term solution.
- Signalized at-grade intersection this would stop traffic on K-10 to allow workers and others from this site to safely access the highway. This is a feasible solution that is an affordable option.
- Separated grade intersection ramps control traffic entering and exiting the site from the highway. The best option for safely accessing the site while also keeping traffic moving on K-10. This is a potential solution and also the most costly.

Phasing the access control at Franklin Road and K-10 is an appropriate way to address long-term redevelopment of the Farmland property. Stop sign controls on the property for traffic exiting onto K-10 are only appropriate for a small amount of development on the property. Upgrading to a signalized intersection should happen when traffic warrants are met to require the upgrade.

The determination to create a separated grade intersection will in large measure be dependent on the status of K-10 Highway. If K-10 remains a divided highway with traffic moving at a high rate of speed, a separated grade intersection may be warranted by the amount of redevelopment on the property. If K-10 becomes an urbanized arterial street (23<sup>rd</sup> Street) with slower speeds, a separated grade intersection may not be necessary. This Plan simply recognizes that a separated grade intersection may be necessary in the future.

**Action Step**: Extend roads through the site (property owner/developer, City)

**Action Step**: Provide safe access to the property from K-10 at Franklin Road (City, State, property owner/developer)

# E. Development

### **Annexation/Rezoning/Subdivision**

Annexation of the property into the City of Lawrence must precede redevelopment of the site. A small portion of the property is annexed, but the majority is still within Unincorporated Douglas County. The City boundary is this property's western boundary and also it's eastern boundary. East Hills Business Park to the east is in the City. City services will not be available to the site without annexation.

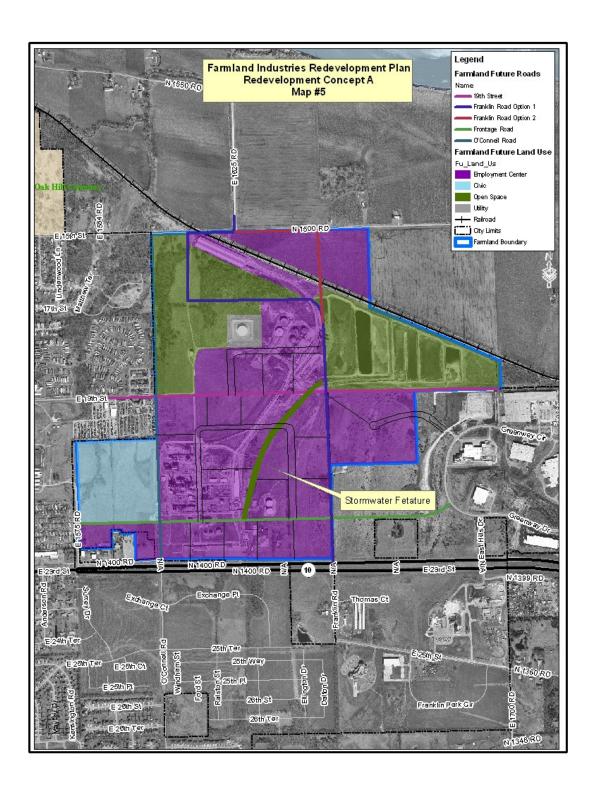
Rezoning and subdividing the property to the appropriate classifications to support the future land use of this property will need to proceed either concurrently with annexation or separately as the property becomes ready for redevelopment.

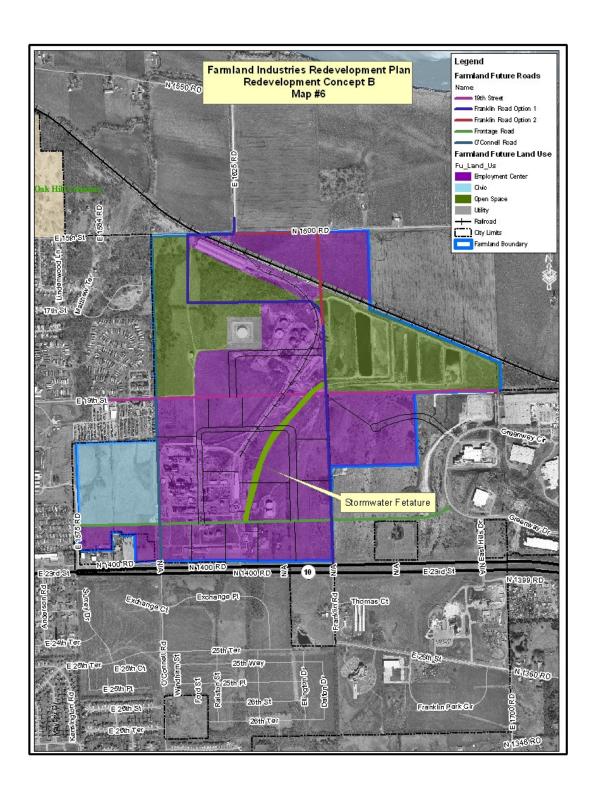
# **Redevelopment Concepts**

Redevelopment concepts are presented on the next two pages. The key features of the concepts are the varying sizes of development lots, lot access primarily limited to an interior road system within the site, and a stormwater feature. Concept B also keeps the interior rail line as an option for redevelopment. These concepts, and the key features listed above, are meant to present a guide for future redevelopment that meets the intent of this Plan. They are not intended to provide the only options for redevelopment. Lots sizes, and their arrangement, should be determined as the market necessitates at the time of redevelopment.

**Action Step**: Annex the property (City, property owner/developer)

**Action Step**: Rezone and plat the property consistent with this Plan (City, property owner/developer)





# VI. Design Guidelines and Standards

### **Purpose**

K-10 Highway is a major gateway into the community. As such, future development and redevelopment of the Farmland property should respect this roadway's prominence for drivers entering the community. In addition, the overall development of the Farmland property should:

- Facilitate safe, functional and attractive development.
- Protect investment in the community by encouraging consistently high quality development.
- Foster a sense of community and encourage pride of ownership.

## **Building Orientation**

1. While development lots in the Farmland property will not be able to take direct access to K-10, buildings that are adjacent to K-10 will be required present their best faces to K-10. In other words, buildings must present a front door image to K-10. Parking must be located behind the building and opposite of K-10.

Further, buildings throughout the entire development shall orient a front door to street from which the property is taking access.



Not appropriate – loading docks oriented towards the street.

#### Pedestrian and Employee Amenities

- 1. Provide for a continuation of pedestrian access when industrial developments are located adjacent to existing or planned open space.
- 2. Accessible parking spaces shall be convenient to building entries.
- 3. Organize the site layout to provide functional employee spaces, including shade structures and amenities between or in front of buildings.



Employee seating in shaded courtyard

### Vehicle Circulation and Parking

- 1. Public/visitor areas shall be separate from truck delivery and maneuvering areas.
- 2. Coordinate circulation and parking areas with adjoining lots to the extent possible.
- 3. Reduce pavement widths whenever possible in favor of greater landscaped open space.
- 4. Use canopy trees in parking lots to break up the scale of large parking lots, provide additional shading and reduce "heat island" impacts.

# Loading Areas and Accessory Equipment

- Service areas, loading and storage areas, and refuse enclosures should be oriented away from public street frontages or screened from these frontages.
- Locate ground-mounted utility cabinets where they do not conflict with prominent site views or impair vehicle site distances and can be screened from major streets and public areas. Paint cabinets and screen walls to match the principal structure. Where space allows, provide landscaping in front of screening walls.

# Landscaping

- 1. Design the project landscape theme to complement and enhance project architecture
- 2. Incorporate perimeter landscaping where sites border non-industrial uses.
- 3. Shade trees should be located throughout all paved parking areas wherever they are located on site and in association with pedestrian and employee amenities and gathering areas. Enclosed service, loading and storage areas are excluded.
- 4. Provide significant foundation and/or accent plantings, including trees, around buildings to accentuate or screen building and parking structure elements.
- 5. In highly visible areas, use taller and larger caliper trees.

# Lighting

- 1. Provide pedestrian scale lighting fixtures adjacent to pedestrian paths and employee amenities. Select lighting fixtures that complement the general architectural style of the development.
- 2. Highlighting of significant architectural features, specimen trees and artwork with accent lighting should be considered. Lighting an entire building or major portion thereof is discouraged.
- 3. Provide security lighting that is both effective and attractive to promote a safe and secure facility.

# Signs

1. Coordinate signage design and materials, including building addresses, to create a consistent style of building identification.